

during the months of March and April
Chicago & Northwestern Railway;
\$30.00 from Chicago to Helena, Butte,
Anaconda, Ogden and Salt Lake City;
\$30.50 Spokane, \$33.00 Portland, Seattle,
Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria and a
large number of other points. Tourist
sleeping cars every day from Chicago
to the Pacific Coast. For maps and
parties are apply to nearest ticket agent
or address A. F. Cleveland, 234 Superior
street, Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR CONFIRMATION

Class Presented to Bishop
F. K. Brooke.

SERVICES AT ST. TIMOTHY'S.

The Bishop Preaches to the
Class and Congregation —
Something About His Mis-
sion Work in Oklahoma Ter-
ritory—The Rev. C. M. Rob-
erts Presents His Resignation
to the Vestry.

The Rt. Rev. F. K. Brooke, D.D.,
of Oklahoma, who, in the absence of
Bishop Leonard, now in Europe, is
performing the latter's duties in the
diocese of Ohio, confirmed a class of
young people at St. Timothy's church
Sunday evening. Members of the class
were Otto Lantz and the Misses Grace
Pinn, Sarah Wood, Lillian Dulabahn,
Helen Maughn and Helen Spuhler.
Following the service of confirmation
Bishop Brooke preached a sermon
which was addressed to the congrega-
tion, but particularly to the confirma-
tion class. In it he urged that religion
be brought more into daily life and
showed the fallacy of any attempt to
make the teachings of Christ conform
to the conventionalities of life and
alter the rules laid down in the com-
mandments to fit the rules of society
or business. He preached without the
use of manuscript or notes.

Bishop Brooke is a native of Ohio.
For the past ten years he has been do-
ing a species of work in Oklahoma
which places him high in the list of
clergy engaged in missionary labors.
He began his work with two assis-
tants and no churches. At the present
time there are more than forty-five
missions in the territory and sixteen
clergymen. During his stay in Mas-
sillon Bishop Brooke was entertained
at St. Timothy's rectory. He left for
Cleveland Monday morning.

MR. ROBERTS RESIGNS.

His New Rectorship Begins
April 1—Now in Philadelphia.

At a meeting of the vestry of St.
Timothy's church Saturday evening
the Rev. Cassius M. Roberts present-
ed his formal resignation as rector of
the church and it was reluctantly ac-
cepted. Mr. Roberts' rectorship will
terminate April 1, at which time, as
has already been stated in 'The Inde-
pendent,' he will become associate rec-
tor of the Church of the Savior in
Philadelphia.

The Rev. Mr. Roberts left Sunday
night for Philadelphia to conduct a
series of six noontide services for busi-
ness men at St. Stephen's church,
fulfilling an engagement of long stand-
ing. During his absence daily Lenten
services at St. Timothy's church will
be conducted by the Rev. E. E. Essel-
barne, of Canton. The Rev. Mr. Mc-
Kenzie, of Cleveland will officiate
next Sunday.

OBITUARY.

THOMAS SMITH.

Pigeon Run, March 3.—Thomas
Smith, of this place, dropped dead at
the Wainwright mine, on Saturday.
Mr. Smith was seemingly in perfect
health. His death was due to heart
trouble. He is survived by two sons
and two daughters. The funeral took
place on Monday at 2 o'clock.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night
long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of
Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly
get any sleep. I had consumption so
bad that if I walked a block I would
cough frightfully and spit blood, but
when all other medicines failed, three
\$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery
wholly cured me and I gained 58
pounds." It is absolutely guaranteed
to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe,
Bronchitis and All Throat and Lung
Troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial
bottle free at Z. T. Baltzy's drug
store.

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with
chronic indigestion and nervous debility,"
writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster,
N. H., "No remedy helped me until I
began using Electric Bitters, which did
me more good than all the medicine I
ever used. They have also kept my
wife in excellent health for years. She
says Electric Bitters are just splendid
for female troubles; that they are a
grand tonic and invigorator for weak,
run down women. No other medicine
can take its place in our family." Try
them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaran-
teed by Z. T. Baltzy.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's
head developed into a case of scald
head," writes C. D. Ishill, of Morgan-
town, Tenn., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve
completely cured her. It's a guaran-
teed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt
Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and
Piles. Only 25 cents at Z. T. Baltzy's."

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little
workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills.
Millions are always busy, curing Torpid
Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and
Ague. They banish Sick Headache,
drive out Malaria, Never give up or
weaken. Small, taste nice, work won-
ders. Try them 25c at Z. T. Baltzy's.

White
House
Gayety

WITH the elaborate dinner
given to Prince Henry of
Prussia the winter festivi-
ties at the White House
reached a climax. Since the Roose-
velts have been in the historic mansion
there has been a constant round of re-
velry and merrymaking. No adminis-
tration remembered by this generation
has been so profuse in hospitality, one
form of entertainment succeeding an-
other with unremitting regularity. In
fact, the Roosevelt administration will



Photo copyright, 1901, by J. Schloss, N. Y.
MRS. ROOSEVELT.

go down in the social history of the
national capital as the most brilliant
known in recent years.

With such a reputation established
Washington society naturally expected
that the reception and banquet to
Prince Henry would eclipse all pre-
vious social functions. Nor was it dis-
appointed. Not only the White House
conservatories, but the city propri-
etary gardens, were drawn on for flow-
ers and ornamental plants. The sup-
ply of roses proving inadequate for the
lavish decoration required, the markets
were scoured to supply the deficiency.
As the price of fine roses at this sea-
son is about \$1 apiece and they were
purchased in quantities, the expense
was considerable.

The banquet to Prince Henry was
served in the east room. This is an-
other innovation of the Roosevelts.
The first time this room was used for
a state dinner was on the occasion of
the "spread" given to the diplomatic
corps in January, when the whole of
the historic apartment was literally
covered with flowers and ornamental
plants.

When a state banquet is to be given,
the bulk of the preparation falls on Col-
onel Theodore A. Bingham, superintend-
ent of the White House. He must plan
it all out in advance; likewise with
dancing parties and receptions. He
has under his direction a large corps
of carpenters, electricians, florists and
others. There must be kept on hand
ready for instant use a large supply of
wire frameworks for floral designs,
ladders, wires and electric bulbs, crash
to cover the carpets, trestles and other
structures of wood that go to make up
the big dining table.

The outsider has little notion of the
labor that is involved in the prepara-



COLONEL THEODORE A. BINGHAM.

tion for a state dinner. From twenty
to thirty men are kept at work for
three days arranging the preliminaries
immediately after breakfast on the
day of the event the carpet is covered
with crash to preserve it from injury,
and the decorators arrive, bringing
palms and beautiful plants of many

Dinner to
PRINCE HENRY
Climax of
Brilliant Season

huds. While they tack up smilax on
the ceilings and walls, draping it in
festoons, carpenters put the great table
on its trestles, screw its parts together
and wedge up the whole affair so that
it shall be firm.

The electricians meanwhile are put-
ting in wires and devising new and
beautiful effects in lighting. When the
table has been put up, flannel is tacked
upon it, and the cloth having been laid
over this, the festive board is
adorned with electric bulbs of various
colors to harmonize with the floral
decorations. The crystal chandeliers
and mirrors are adorned with greenery
and the large made pieces placed in po-
sition. Lastly the room is swept up in
time for the dust to settle before the
fun begins.

The expense involved in entertaining
on such a scale is enormous. A state
dinner at the White House costs some-
thing like \$1,000, varying, of course,
with the number of guests. At a small
dinner of this kind perhaps fifty people
may sit down, whereas at a big one
twice that number will be entertained.
A reasonable reckoning for the dinner
is \$6 per head, with \$2 a head extra
for wine. But necessarily there are in-
cidental which add hundreds of dol-
lars to the bill.

To serve properly a state dinner at
the White House requires one head
cook and two assistant cooks. Of
course extra scullions are engaged to
do dish washing and other incidental
labor. The caterer furnishes all the
food, and the culinary department of
the executive mansion is placed for the
time being under his management and
authority, the household staff contrib-
uting as much help as possible.

This method is adopted because it
makes things much easier, just as
would be the case in any private
house. It is Mrs. Roosevelt, however,
who decides upon the menu. As a rule,
Mrs. Roosevelt herself superintends
the decoration of the table, a happy
circumstance, inasmuch as she pos-
sesses admirable taste. Four wines
are served usually at these dinners,
sherry, champagne with the roast,
burgundy afterward and sauterne or



SCENE IN WHITE HOUSE CONSERVATORY.

chablis to wind up with. Of late a
fashion has spread among "smart"
people for serving Scotch whisky and
apollinaris right through a dinner, in
stead of a series of wines, but this
idea has not been adopted by the mis-
tress of the White House.

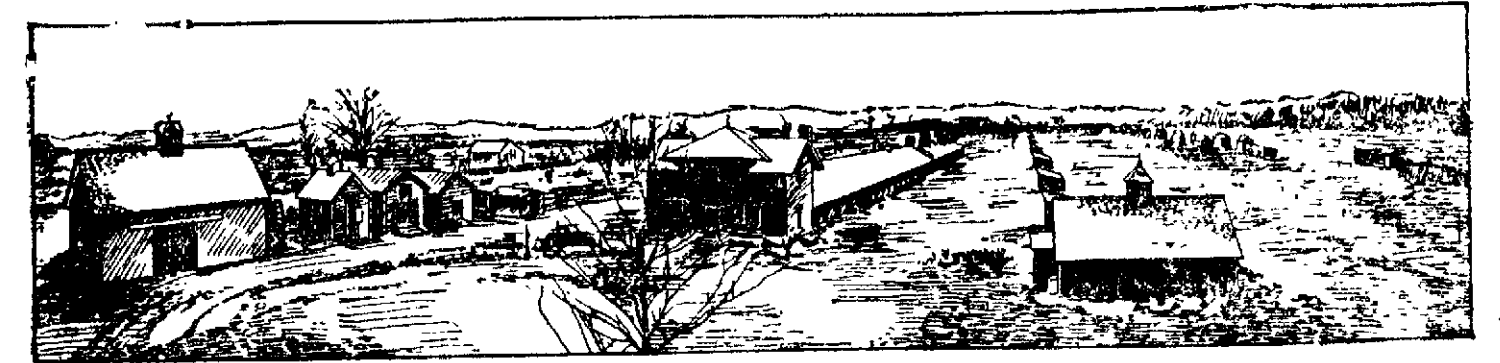
There is no question of the fact that
this administration is leading society
as no other administration has done
for a generation past. It is setting the
fashions and has already given a won-
derful boom to the amusement of rid-
ing horseback. All of the Roosevelts
ride, the president and his wife going
out for a gallop every fine afternoon,
and as a consequence, whereas former-
ly only a few persons in Washington
indulged in the pastime, now all of the
young people are taking it up. What
the Roosevelts do is the proper thing,
and everybody is looking to the execu-
tive mansion to see whether Simon
says thus or up or thumbs down.

Such hospitality has not reigned in
the White House for many a long day.
It is a thoroughly wholesome, healthy
sort of family life that goes on there.
The Roosevelts are living now just
about as they have always done, keep-
ing open house and making their
friends welcome. Even the casual
stranger is at home within their gates,
and most of the entertaining is ex-
tremely informal. The family hardly
sits down to a meal, unless it be break-
fast, without guests.

When anybody comes to see the pres-
ident during office hours, the latter is
as apt as not to say "I'm busy. Com-
eback and talk lunch." Lunch is at
1:30 o'clock in the private dining room,
and Mrs. Roosevelt and the children
are present.

Yes, it is a gay and merry adminis-
tration, but the genial Mr. Roosevelt,
if he continues to be so lavish in his hos-
pitality, is likely to find that his salary
of \$50,000 does not cover his bills. He
is certainly not saving any money in
the White House.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY.



VIEW OF THE QUILLHURST POULTRY FARM, ELYRIA, O.

AN OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO EVERY READER TO SECURE THIS BEAUTIFUL FARM
AND ITS CONTENTS FOR THE INVESTMENT OF BUT \$1.00.

To convince the reader that this remarkable offer is made in good faith, the following letters are submitted:

From the Postmaster.
ELYRIA, O., January 31, 1902.
To Whom It May Concern:
I have known Mr. A. P. Worthington for the past twenty years and my opinion is, that any statement made by him is thoroughly reliable and will stand investigation. His property, The Quillhurst Poultry Farm, is well known in this locality.
Very respectfully,
I. H. GRISWOLD, P. M.

From Bank Cashier.
ELYRIA, O., January 31, 1902.
To Whom It May Concern:
I have known Mr. A. P. Worthington for many years, and believe him to be thoroughly honest and reliable. I should rely implicitly upon any statement made by him.
B. E. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
The National Bank of Elyria.

From Prominent Attorney.
ELYRIA, O., January 31, 1902.
To Whom It May Concern:
I have known A. P. Worthington intimately for twenty-five years and know him to be an up-
right honorable man in every respect. His word is good and he will faithfully keep any contract he may enter into. His property is a valuable one and fairly up to his representations.
B. G. JOHNSON, Attorney-at-Law.

THE FOLLOWING OFFER IS OPEN TO EVERYONE. Read the plan carefully and decide for yourself whether it would not be to your interest to invest the dollar.

Having made up my mind to retire from the poultry business, I am proposing to dispose of my property by means of following plan
A. P. WORTHINGTON, Elyria, O.

I will offer to sell to any person desiring the same, receipts for the cure of Chicken Cholera and Roup. The price of the two receipts will be \$1.00, and in addition to this, every person purchasing the receipts and paying \$1.00 will be given a certificate entitling them to one guess as to the number of beans in a jar, and after disposing of \$35,000.00 worth of receipts, which is the value of the property, I will give a warranty deed of the property to the person or persons guessing nearest to the number of beans in the jar. The receipts are worth the dollar charged for them, and are guaranteed to cure if used as directed, or the money refunded. They can be filled at any drug store in the country at a nominal cost.

In case of a tie, a joint deed will be given to the persons tying.
A mixture of common lima, string and castor oil beans has been placed in a transparent glass jar and securely sealed by the following committee composed of leading business men of Elyria who have charge of the award: A. B. Taylor, Cashier Lorain County Bank, Elyria; W. C. LeMaster, Cashier Elyria Savings Bank; S. H. Squires, Assistant Cashier National Bank of Elyria; S. W. Henson, Acting Cashier Savings Bank, Elyria.

The jar is on exhibition in the window of H. A. Dykeman's Drug Store, 25 Main Street, Elyria, O.
The name of the successful one will be published in this paper.

An Accurate Description of the Property.

THE QUILLHURST POULTRY FARM is located two miles north of Elyria, on the line of the Cleveland, Elyria and Western Street Railway. It is one of the best equipped poultry farms both for broiler raising and production of eggs. It contains fifty (50) acres of land, quality of same is sandy, rich and very rich, there are about eight (8) acres of wood that have been cleared up until it now has the appearance of a park. All of the land from the highway to the woods is thoroughly drained by a system of tile, there being a string of tile every fifty feet of the entire distance before mentioned. The house is a two-story frame dwelling, with a mud and cement and concrete floor, it has all the modern conveniences, including furnace, hot and cold water, bath, etc. There is a good cell in the entire house which has a solid cement floor, in the front part of cellar is an incubator room containing eighteen (18) frame State 20 egg sized machines. The entire house is heated and lighted by natural gas, which is furnished by two gas wells located on the premises. These wells give an abundant supply of gas for all purposes, including yard, stable, brooder house and power to gas engine.

The grounds are beautifully laid out, with large lawns, rose shrub and flower beds, drive and walks. The barn is a large roomy building, containing spacious mows for hay, straw, etc. Has four large stalls for horses, also an abundance of room for wagons, large tools, etc. Next to the stable is a large ice house, capacity about 40 tons. This building has four walls and is practically frost proof. There is also a very nicely designed six-room cottage, which is directly north of the residence shown in cut.

In the rear of residence and facing the highway is a brick brooder and boiler house. This building is two stories high, the front portion contains steam boiler, hot water heater, steam pump, four-horse power Fairbanks and Morse gas engine which furnishes power for a bread crushing machine, grain grinder, corn sheller, elevator and conveyor. The second story of this building is fitted up with large grain and feed bins; grain is carried to same by means of elevator and conveyor. The brooder house is heated with hot water heat for brooder houses, also has steam and water pipes. Has a capacity of 10,000 chicks, and is so arranged that it can be used for chicks or fowls. There are 64 frame buildings, with stone and tile foundation, containing two rooms each. These are thoroughly well constructed, the living rooms are practically frost proof and have a capacity of 50 hens each. Each building is yarded separately, all of the yards being set with choicest peach, plum and apple trees. There are about 2500 trees in the yards and on farm; they will begin bearing this year. Stock now on farm consists of about 2000, year-old hens and pullets, about one half being pullets, also a large number of law cocks and cockerels for this year's mating. Stock consisting of nearly 50 per cent. Brown and White Leghorns of very fine laying strain, Balance White Wyandottes, B. P. Rocks and one pen of extra light high Brahmas, one good cow, work horse and all sorts of tools and implements, wagons, feed trucks, etc. Large amount of grain now in bins, every building on the farm is practically new and in line condition, no stock will be sold or disposed of in any way.

One (1) over falling spring well and one core drilled well.
This farm is located right in the heart of the richest farming country in Ohio. All express, etc., for Cleveland is shipped via street car line.
The foregoing description may be verified by inspection of the property or by communication with anyone living in Elyria. This unique method of disposing of the "Quillhurst Farm" is not to be regarded in any other light than that of a business proposition. To those investing \$1.00 for a receipt for the cure of Chicken Cholera and Roup, it is a paying investment. It may mean the saving of a large part of your flock. To the fortunate one (or ones) it means the ownership of a Poultry Farm, conservatively valued at \$35,000.00. Give the number of your guess, and be sure to write plain; your full name and address. Send money by registered letter, P. O. order or by express.

Address, A. P. WORTHINGTON, Quillhurst Farm, ELYRIA, O.

Danger of Colds and La Grippe

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous malady. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment, is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzy and Rider & Snyder.

A Safe Cure for Headache.

Have you ever felt depressed after taking a Headache Remedy, and do you know that if it contained a Heart Tonic it would cure without that depression? Clinic Headache Wafers are a Heart Tonic, never depress, never fail, best and safest cure in the world. Easily taken. Absolutely harmless. 10 cents all druggists.

A Name Twice Made
Famous, Now a
Shining Mark for
Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to foist upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world famous Dr. Chase's Receipt Book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale, weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers.

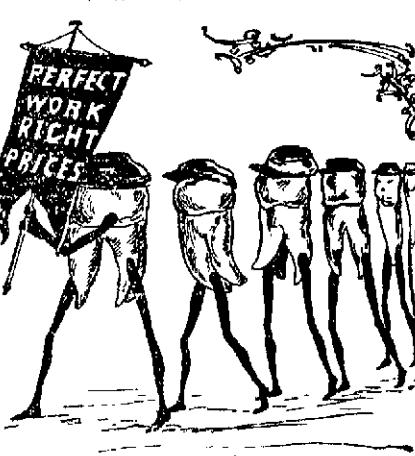
Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary.
Who are easily exhausted.
Who are wakeful—cannot sleep.
Who have nervous headache.

They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength.
They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning.
They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation. Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.

CAUTION.—The protection to the public in securing the genuine and original Dr. A. W. Chase preparation is in seeing the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on each box. These and these only are the genuine. Do not be satisfied with anything bearing the name "Chase" without the initials A. W. 50 cts. of Druggists or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
For sale by E. S. Craig.

Reduced Rates to the West.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter, until April 30th, 1902, the Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell Settlers' tickets from Chicago to points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For detailed information inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or address T. D. CAMPBELL, D. P. A., 218 Pike Building, Cincinnati, O., or JAS. C. POND, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

Capped Teeth
\$5 00

Bridge Work \$5 00 Per Tooth.
A Good Set of Teeth for
\$5 until March 15

Satisfaction Guaranteed on All
Work Done by Us.

DRS. CARR & TAYLOR
DENTISTS,
Over First National Bank,
Cor. Main and Erie Streets

GAS LIGHTS.



I have something new in gas lights that is both economical and an improvement over anything of the kind now in use. Once tried always used.

Mantels and Globes.
Come and see what I have and how well I can please you.

I. R. SMITH, 76 W. Main St.
Bell Phone 1911.

Real Estate Bulletin

20 lots on S. Erie St., \$400 to \$600
14 " " Chester " 250 " 500
17 " " Edwin " 200 " 450
18 " " Dwight " 250 " 450
7 " " George " 225 " 250
13 " " Johnson St. 200 " 275
6 " " Kent St. " 300
18 " " off Akron St. " 200
8 " off Waechter St. \$150-150
1 lot on East Oak Street.

Also lots on Woodland Ave.,
Pear St., Tremont St., Center and
Superior St.

CA6H OR EASY TERMS.

JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie St.

SPECIAL PRICE
Armour Star Hams
Regular Price 14c a lb.
Special Price 12½c.
S. F. WEFLEK.

Try the "Want" Columns.



No winter blooming house plant will give greater satisfaction than the freesia. It is easy to raise and during its season of bloom will fill the home with its delightful fragrance.

With such splendid opportunity to get out of debt as the present for the long debt burdened farmer we regret to see so many slighting the opportunity to secure their emancipation and independence and actually increasing the burden under the stimulus of big prices for farm products.

An old friend of ours who was a western pioneer was telling us recently what a time he used to have when breaking up the prairies in an early day. He was very poor and could not afford to wear shoes, and as the unplowed strip of prairie grew narrower and narrower the grass would seem to be fairly alive with rattlesnakes, and then it was lively times for the barefooted boy.

In attending many farm institutes and hearing the poultry question discussed it develops that the income from the poultry yard is almost invariably assigned to or appropriated by the woman on the farm, as it rightly should be. Where the woman thinks a good deal of her husband, as in most cases, it also appears that most of the money so obtained is used either directly or indirectly for his benefit.

A very sensible bill has been presented to the Iowa legislature providing for the reduction of the width of public highways from four to three rods. Applied to the entire state, this bill, if made operative as law, will release an immense amount of the best farm land in the world, will limit the weed nuisance along the highway and in no manner interfere with the full use of the roads by the traveling public. It should become a law without any opposition.

THE BREATH OF THE PINES.

The grove of pines on the farm has a twofold mission—it stands as the best windbreak to be had, sturdy, resistive; then there are its odoriferous, tonic, healing breath and the diapason of the strong south wind as it roars through the massive tops of the trees. All animal and bird life instinctively seeks it for shelter, the crows come to it to roost, the mourning dove to build its nest, and the quail finds a snug shelter under the drooping branches as the snow sifts down upon the grove in the winter.

PIETY AND PILFERING.

In the prairie regions of the west the limited area of timber land along the rivers and creeks was counted by the early settlers as very desirable property. Oftentimes speculators appropriated these tracts, and then the speculators' forty became anything but a means of grace to that community. We know well of one locality where it was utterly impossible for the pious of any denomination to maintain a church or even get up a revival of religion until the last stick of timber on these speculators' lands had been stolen. After this timber was all disposed of times changed, a church was built, and today it is a law abiding and God fearing community.

WINTER PASTURE.

Winter pasture is a queer sounding title to men who live where winter runs from November to March, and still such pastures, even in such latitudes, may be very useful. They are made by taking the stock from the blue grass pasture not later than the middle of June and allowing the grass to grow untouched until winter. Given a winter with but little snow and such pasture will be much relished by all young stock and horses particularly, and then such treatment of the pasture greatly strengthens the root system of the grass and insures a better growth the following year. The plan is well worth trying wherever a part of the pasture can be spared for this purpose.

A DOLLAR AND A HALF PER HEN.
A bright woman at a recent farm institute made the statement that she kept the large number of 550 Brown Leghorn fowls on the farm homestead running at large; that these fowls averaged her an annual income of \$1.50 each, mostly derived from eggs. Cross questioned pretty closely, the lady said that she had never been bothered with any poultry diseases; that the hens gave her as good a profit return when the number was 550 as when the number was only 100. This story tends to upset the generally accepted theory that 150 hens are about the limit which can be profitably kept upon a farm homestead. The lady added that these fowls went everywhere and that it was useless to attempt to have a garden or even small fruit where they were so kept.

THE HEAVIEST BURDEN OF ALL.

The heaviest load of all for a man to carry is not debt, poor crops or even ill health; it is to raise a nice boy and have him go to the dogs—become a worthless, ornery, lazy, dishonest wretch. This is an ever present and irremediable trouble—the disappointment, the disgrace of the thing, the financial loss connected with it and, worse than all, the ugly specter never absent that the man himself was largely responsible for the boy's failure and ruin; too much licking, too much hard work, a poor example, no friendship between father and son—all seen when this man deserves sympathy. If your boys are yet small, heed the warning, and not only feed and clothe them, but be their best friend and set them a good example every day of your life. Then the heaviest burden which can be placed upon the back of a man shall not be yours to carry.

CLEAN UP.

When the farm was worth only \$25 per acre, and unsalable at that, and you were nursing a good, healthy mortgage, there might have been some possible excuse in your mind for letting the yards, garden and buildings relapse into the ramshackle style, though even then we do not believe that it ever paid so to do; but, now that the mortgage is paid, money in the bank and three fellows after the place at \$60 per acre, for Moses' sake fix the old place up and make it look as though somebody lived there. Get an ax and a saw and trim up the trees, make a big bonfire and burn up all that old truck, tear the old fences down and rebuild them on straight lines, buy some paint and paint the house and outbuildings, move that hog lot from the front to the rear of the premises, name your farm and have such name painted upon the gable end of the barn or upon a signboard placed over the gateway to the home yard, get a piece of green lawn between your house and the road, and if you have got a lot of old wagons, buggies or worn-out machinery get them out of the front yard and just clean up generally. You can do it all in a few days, you and the boys, and neither you nor your neighbors will know the place when you get through. A fifteen thousand dollar farm ought at least to be given a clean shirt and a fifty cent necktie.

THE PROSPECT AHEAD.

We are asked about prices for farm products for the coming year: Will present values continue? Will the change come with a new crop? Will farm land still continue to advance in price? Nobody knows just what will be the outcome. We can only guess, just as any one else may do. These facts are worth considering: The bins and cribs of the whole country will be all cleaned out by the time another crop is harvested—cleaned up more closely than they have been for many a year. This fact will have its effect upon the price of the new crop, no matter how good it may be. Then, again, the country is in a very prosperous condition. Every man is at work at big wages. This means a large consumptive ability and consequent demand. Then the number of such consumers and their ability to buy are increasing much faster than the productive power of the farms. These facts, while not indicating a maintenance of the present high price level, still do presage prices for all farm commodities which will be highly remunerative to the farmer, and so long as such conditions continue just so long will farm lands be apt to steadily increase in value. From our point of view no year ever opened with more promising prospects for the man on the farm than this year of our Lord 1902.

A LESSON IN SIGNING PAPERS.

A most brazen attempt to swindle some fifty farmers out of the sum of \$50,000 was recently made in a western state. A smooth tongued guy made the rounds of the country and represented that he was a candidate for a certain county office, wanting the names of the farmers to his petition to become such candidate. He obtained, strange as it may seem, fifty good names. He then cut the petition into three parts and attached to the head of each a regular promissory note form and then left for the wicked city of Chicago. The notes were sent on for payment, and then there was blood on the moon. While it is not likely that the signers will have to pay these notes, they are still humiliated at having been so easily duped and will be at quite a little expense in protecting themselves. Now, why sign any paper for any stranger? Better knock him down when asked and pay a five dollar fine for the privilege.

HALF THE LIVING.

When a man is so situated that he can keep a good cow, two or three pigs, fifty hens and have a small fruit and vegetable garden, he has settled the question of one-half of the living of himself and family. When the income of the average wage earner is drawn upon to provide milk, butter, eggs, meat, fruit and vegetables, it is pretty well riddled. It will of course take time and care to secure these aids to living, but the wife will do much in this line, the children not a little, and a good many hours during the year can be given by the head of the house which more than likely he may have spent in loafing before. We know of men who have all the milk and butter they need in their families and besides sell enough milk during the year to pay for the pasturage and food of the one cow kept.

CRAZY MEN AND POTATOES.

At a western insane hospital 150 acres were planted to potatoes last year. The potato crop was almost a total failure in the same locality because of the drought and excessive heat. This asylum crop averaged 150 bushels per acre. Why? Well, 150 of the inmates were given hoes and kept at work in that potato field all through the dry spell; they were told that they would have no potatoes to eat this winter unless they hoed the crop well, and never before did a field receive such a thorough cultivation. Now, please do not draw the inference that in order to raise potatoes in a dry season you have got to have a lot of crazy men to hoe them, for the same results may be obtained by horse cultivation. The whole secret lies in the constant stirring of the ground during the drought.

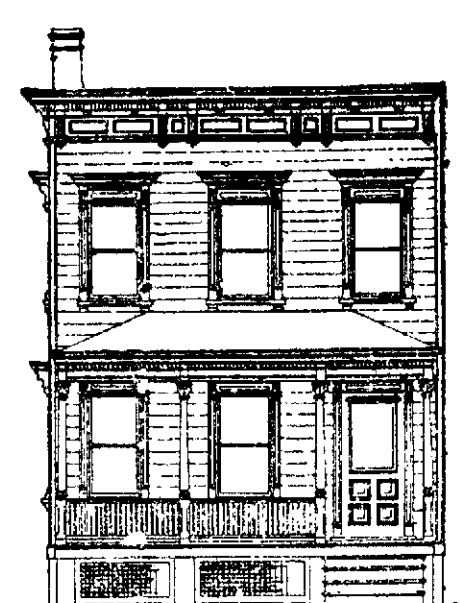
J. S. Trigg

TWO FAMILY DWELLING.

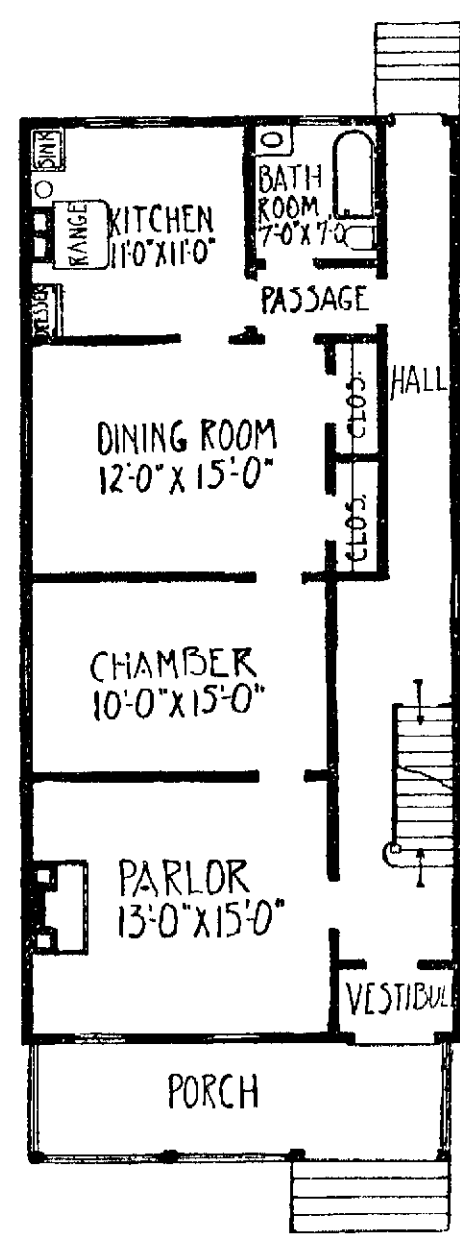
Eleven Room House to Be Built at a Cost of \$2,000.

[Copyright, 1902, by C. H. Venn, 41 West Twenty-fourth street, New York.]
As a rule, two family houses are built for speculative purposes, and it is always advantageous to erect them on corner lots. The two family house for which plans are herewith shown is designed for such a lot, as light is thus secured on three sides.

The location of the chambers on both floors is the same, but the dimensions



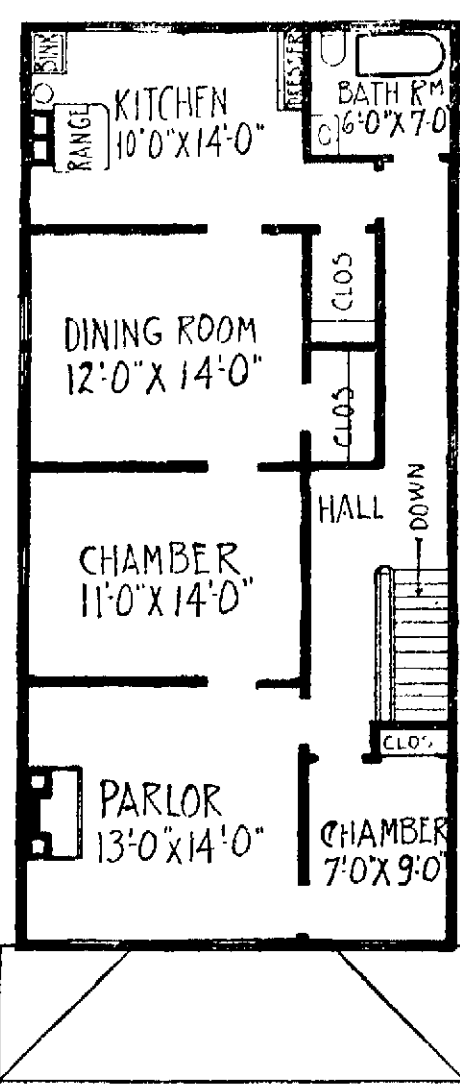
vary. The parlor on the first floor is lighted by two windows and has a fireplace with tile mantel and mirror. The kitchen has a double window giving good light and ventilation. The same holds good of the dining room, which is further provided with two large closets. The second floor contains one more chamber than the first, a small room over the hall in front. The cellar, which should have a concrete bottom,



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

has two entrances, one from the yard, the other from the hall, and is provided with coal bins and store bins for both families.

The foundation walls are built of hard burned brick, with footings of concrete twelve inches thick. The framing timbers are of well seasoned spruce, built in balloon style. The exterior is covered with surface hunklock boards, laid diagonally, with building paper and finally with white pine clap.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

boards laid six inches to the weather. All exterior trims are of white pine, and the exterior walls should be painted canary, with dark brown trimmings. Put plenty of red roofing paint on the roof.

Dimensions:—Front, 23 feet; side, 48 feet. Height of stories: Cellar, 6 feet 6 inches; first, 9 feet 6 inches; second, 9 feet. Cost to build, \$2,000.

They Never Fail.

A Gentle Stimulant
of a beneficial nature for the heart is necessary for the cure of headache, Neuralgia, etc.

Clinic Headache Wafers

are positively harmless, easily taken, do not depress and cause no ill after effects.

A True Heart Tonic.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO.,
TORONTO, ONTO.
ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 cts

The Correct Population of Cities and Towns in the Northwest.

Located along the line of Chicago and the Northwestern Railway, is shown in a booklet just issued by that Company. Copy may be obtained by sending stamp to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave. Chicago.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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The use of BAR-BEN—one tablet three times a day—strengthens every muscle, renews every tissue, develops and invigorates every function.

Being a pure nerve food and blood purifier, it searches every nerve center and surely relieves the weak man from all functional disorders and weaknesses, restoring him to perfect health, strength and manly vigor.

BAR-BEN is the scientific, natural and positive cure for all nervous diseases, lost vitality, night on insomnias and excesses, the effects of overwork, worry, brain fatigue, the excessive use of tobacco, opium or liquor. No matter what has caused your trouble, BAR-BEN will bring you back to health.

Try it today. One box will work wonders. Six boxes guaranteed to cure. All druggists, 50 cents or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.

BAR-BEN Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.
For sale by J. M. Schuckers and Rider & Snyder.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battle-ground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 25 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

California Illustrated.

Copy of the illustrated monthly, The Chicago 400, a journal of travel and topics, reaches us by the courtesy of the Chicago & Northwestern Ry. It is one of the finest illustrated publications that we have ever seen. The tinted half-tones rival those of the finest magazines, and the letter-press of the whole edition is as perfect as that of any publication ever issued, pictorially and descriptively mirroring California's wonderful scenery. Copy delivered free on application, or mailed to any address upon receipt of two cents postage by A. F. Cleveland, 234 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

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The following excellent publications prepared by the Chicago & North-Western Ry. will be sent free to any address upon receipt of postage named.

The information contained therein is of great value to those who expect to travel, either for pleasure or profit. All of the publications are handsomely illustrated with half tone views.

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Picturesque Milwaukee....." 2c

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Copper and Iron and Where They Are Found....." 2c

Across Picturesque Illinois and Iowa....." 2c

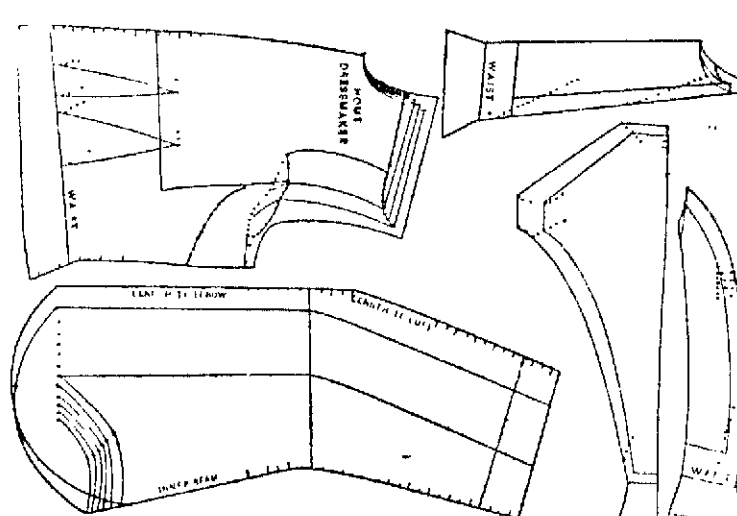
Population of Cities on the Northwestern Line....." 2c

The Indian—The Northwest. A history of the Indian tribes. 50 cts.

New, Mounted U. S. Wall Map, 40x 54, in colors. 15 cts.

Address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. & T. A. Chicago & Northwestern Ry., 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago

Free to Subscribers.



THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has secured a limited number of the famous "Home Dressmakers' Chart" which will be given Free to every subscriber to the Evening Independent who pays three months in advance, and to every subscriber to the Semi-weekly paid up for one year. The Chart is of inestimable value to all women who do their own dress-making.

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INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
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LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

AN EVENING INDEPENDENT IS
ON SALE AT BARNES' BOOK STORE, 140
N. Erie Street, and at the
Massillon News Stand, 140
N. Erie Street.



THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1903

The greatest business ever reported by any railroad in the world is shown in the annual statement of the Pennsylvania railroad system. The company follows a policy of liberality and fairness in its dealings with the public and its employees and its prosperity is a matter for general congratulation.

Railroad earnings have become smaller and it is stated that those of February will, as a whole, show a decline as compared with those of February of last year. But February of this year was a month of storms and adverse conditions for railway traffic, while a year ago the weather was propitious. The falling off, therefore, is easily explained.

There is plenty of good timber among the candidates for the various offices on the Republican ticket this spring. If any voter doubts this fact let him glance over the list printed on another page of The Independent. It may be a somewhat difficult task to register his choice between them, but it is a duty which every conscientious citizen is bound to perform. Later on it becomes a duty to enthusiastically support the nominee whether they happen to be one's personal choice or not.

Fire insurance men are discouraged over the outlook for this year. The ordinary losses for the year are far in excess of last year and its total was nearly \$160,000,000. The fact that the country has been unusually prosperous, it is said, has alone prevented the retirement of companies from being trebled. As it is, many companies which have lost on their underwriting have made it up through the increase in the value of the securities held by them as their accumulated assets from past years of prosperity.

March is the one great month in the year for crop scares. Stories of the thawing and freezing of winter wheat are already coming in, but the best authorities assert that no one is justified in making prophecies or forming conclusions as to the probable outcome of the crop. The snow protection was late in coming and now the snow is off the ground practically all over the wheat belt; the sudden spread of a cold wave, therefore, might prove disastrous. But there is no cold wave in sight just now and the grain markets which would be the first to scent danger, have only slightly stiffened.

NEW STAMPS COMING.

The bureau of engraving and printing has received instructions from the postoffice department to prepare designs for an entire new series of postage stamps.

The question of a new series was discussed following the death of President McKinley, and it was thought that when the new set was ordered the portrait of President McKinley would surely adorn one of the denominations. The department, however, concluded to place the portrait of the late President upon a new postal card of unique design, and this removed him from the list.

However, a new face will appear, that of President Harrison, on a new denomination—a thirteen-cent stamp. There will be practically no demand for a stamp of this value for domestic use, but for foreign use thirteen cents represents the cost of sending a registered letter weighing not more than one-half ounce to any country within the postal union. Only one other change will be made. Commodore Perry, whose face has adorned the 90-cent value from 1870 down to 1894 and the \$1 from 1894 to the present date, will be superseded upon the \$1 denomination by another famous sea fighter, Admiral Farragut. Commodore Perry disappears permanently. The present full set is as follows: 1-cent, green, face of Franklin; 2-cent, carmine, face of Washington; 3-cent, purple, face of Jackson; 4-cent, dark brown, face of Lincoln; 5-cent, chocolate, face of Grant; 6-cent, red-brown, face of Garfield; 8-cent, mauve, face of Sherman; 10-cent, face of Webster; 15-cent, dark blue, face of Clay; 50-cent, orange, face of Jefferson; \$1, black, face of Perry; \$2, sapphire, face of Madison; \$5, dark green, face of Marshall.

The present series of postage stamps has been in continuous use for just thirteen years, which is much longer than the life of the ordinary series. It is proposed that everything in

connection with the series shall be new. New designs for borders will be drawn, new shades of color employed, and the new stamps may be of different size and shape. Under the portrait will be the name of the subject with the date of birth and death. The 10-cent special delivery stamps will be slightly changed in design, and the color will be orange instead of blue. It is interesting to note that since 1861 but two Presidents have not been honored by placing their portrait upon a postage stamp—Johnson and Arthur—Cleveland, still living, not being eligible. It is not unlikely that when another new design for postal card shall be adopted—and these designs change often—that President McKinley will take a place upon a postage stamp, possibly superseding Sherman on the eight or Webster on the 10-cent.

A CHANCE OF SENTIMENT.

The Present Legislature Will Not Abandon Canals.

Columbus, March 4.—The present legislature will not abandon the state canals. Even Painter, whose bill for abandonment is still concealed in the archives of the committee on public works, has lost hope of accomplishing more than agitation, which he believes will result in the next legislature adopting the plan he has proposed to this one. Painter still believes his bill will pass the House, but he expects the Senate to kill it. At the outset of the session there was general agreement apparently that the canals should be abandoned. The question was all over the method. Now the feeling is almost as universal that this legislature should leave the settlement of the canal problem to its successor.

No public demand has been presented to have enacted the bill they have introduced. There has been any amount of demand for its defeat. Meisel, of Cuyahoga, has suggested a way out of the problem as far as this legislature is concerned, and his plan will probably be adopted in one form or another. He has a bill requiring the appointment of a commission to investigate the question and report to the next legislature. The plan will meet with favor on each side, for after all the airing the canal question has had some legislation is in order, and a commission will be an easy solution.

Meanwhile, each side is rallying its forces for the joint session of the House and Senate on March 11, called by the Hosce resolution. A public hearing will be given at the time to all who have anything to say to the legislature on the subject of canals, and all bills dealing with those waterways will be considered.

Making Money in Prison.

A remarkable example of cunning has been unearthed in one of our large prisons. A convict had perfected a device and was making silver dollars, and distributing them through accomplices on the outside. Naturally the officials were very much surprised at the discovery, but no more so than the person who receives a counterfeit article in place of the genuine. It is therefore very important when you ask for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to see that the Private Stamp over the neck is unbroken, if you value your health. For fifty years the Bitters has been recognized as the best health-maker in existence, and if you are a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatulency or nervousness, it is because you have never tried it. Try it at once.

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Fine Farm Lands.

Wisconsin is noted for its fine crops, excellent markets, pure water and beautiful climate.

You can buy a farm on easy terms in Wisconsin along the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for less than any can rent one for three years in any of the Eastern States. Now is the time to invest.

Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.

Public Sales.

John N. Trook will offer at public sale on Thursday, March 13, on the farm 3 1/2 miles south of Navarre, near Smoketown, on the Strasburg road, 3 horses, 4 cows, 34 sheep, 27 hogs, binder mower, corn planter, wheat drill, hay tedder, 2 wagons, hay loader, fanning mill, plows, barrows, hay ladders, etc.; corn, oats and potatoes by the bushel; household furniture, canned fruit, etc. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known.

On Wednesday, March 12, Sarah Lonas will offer for sale at public auction, on H. J. Lonas farm, 2 miles west of Navarre and half a mile east of Camperdown, one organ, 2 sofas, bedsteads, sinks, tables, chairs, 2-horse wagon, string wagon, fence machine, f. d. grinder, some walnut lumber, shoes, mules, sleds, and numerous other articles. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock. Terms made known on day of sale. A. O. McFarren, auctioneer.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office to your job printing.

THE PASTORS MEET.

Two Church Conventions in Massillon.

THE OHIO MISSION BOARD.

Prominent Ministers in the Evangelical Church Here Monday—Lutheran Preachers Discussing the Question, "Why Practice Close Communion" Today.

The Ohio Mission Board of the Evangelical church met in Massillon Monday, the members being entertained by the Rev. J. E. Digel, pastor of St. John's church, who is president of the board. The other members are the Rev. P. O. Rush, of Brooklyn; the Rev. N. Lehmann, Elyria, and the Rev. A. Longhurst, Liverpool. The Rev. O. Oppermann, of Cleveland, and the Rev. F. Buesser, of Strasburg, were present, though not members of the board. The board discussed plans for the extension of mission work in Ohio, and decided that operations should be conducted more actively than ever before.

An official conference of Lutheran pastors of this vicinity is being held today at Faith Lutheran chapel. The ministers in attendance are the Revs. G. W. Lose and L. H. Barry, of this city; G. C. Schaub, L. M. Schmucker and L. F. Meyer, of Canton; G. Tabelman, of Zoar Station; C. Oelschlaeger, of Hartsville; A. Beck, of Cana, and J. Bartholmas, of Canal Fulton. The subject under discussion is "Why Practice Close Communion?" The visiting pastors are being entertained by members of the Lutheran congregations in the city.

GOVERNOR NASH'S LETTER.

The Results Expected from the New Taxation Laws.

Columbus, March 4. — Governor Nash has written a letter explaining briefly the features of his taxation scheme to a Doubting Thomas in Belmont county. He points out that corporations which now make honest returns for taxation will not suffer by the enactment of the Willis bill and that, in cases where dishonest returns are made, the passage of the bill will put their capital on a sound basis. The governor calls attention to the fact that the proposed reduction in the state levy in many instances will reduce the net amount of taxes paid by corporations, in spite of the annual fee to be required of them. The letter in part is as follows:

"The whole scheme of taxation now being considered by the general assembly will involve the passage of four or five different bills. It is hardly fair to take up one bill and criticize it without considering the entire scheme. There is now paid into the general revenue fund of the state about \$2,500,000, which is raised by levy of 1.4 mills upon the assessed valuation of the real and personal property in Ohio. The propositions now being pressed are expected to raise this sum of money, and, following this, there will be another bill abolishing the levy of 1.4 mills upon the property of the tax duplicate of the state.

"On account of the increase in the tax duplicate and the extinguishment of the funded debt of the state it will also be possible to reduce the levy for sinking fund purposes and slightly to reduce the levy for the common school fund. I believe that we will be able to reduce the entire levy for state purposes by 1.54 mills.

"Corporations now making fair returns for taxation, on account of this reduction, under the new scheme will not be compelled to pay more money for state purposes than they now pay, and some of them, taking into consideration the relief which their stockholders will receive on their personal and real property returns, will not, corporations and stockholders together, pay more than one-half of what they now pay. The results which we are now trying to accomplish will be of great benefit to the holders of real and personal property all over the state, and will save to the holders of this class of property in Belmont county alone the sum of \$33,800.

"No taxation law, no matter how wisely conceived, will be entirely just to every person. In the case of the corporation with \$100,000 capital stock, which you mention, whose property has been reduced in value to \$25,000 or \$30,000, I see no relief except by reducing the amount of its capital stock to what its property is actually worth. This would not be a hardship, because if this should be done the capital would be on a sound basis. In the case of the other corporation I see no way to compel it to increase its capital stock, unless it shall see fit to do so voluntarily."

THE OFFICIAL CALL.

Miners' Convention to be Held Here March 10.

Official notice to the miners and mine workers of Sub-District No. 3 of District No. 6, greeting: A convention will be held at the Trades and Labor Assembly hall Monday, March 10, for the purpose of reforming the sub-district scale. Local unions are requested to be present by a delegate, as there is business of importance to transact. The convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock sun time.

ROBERT LEGG,
Sub-District President.
JOHN MORGAN,
Sub-District Secretary.

FIGHTING MEN OF THREE WARS.

Pension Day Brings Them Together Here.

A MEXICAN WAR VETERAN.

William Dunckley, of Jackson Township, Who "Fit Under Scott," Pays His Quarterly Visit to Massillon, and Becomes Reminiscent of Contreras and Vera Cruz.

This is Mayor Wise's "pension day." Veterans of three wars today call at the mayor's office to make the affidavits which bring them their quarterly pensions. The veterans of the civil war are still in the majority. The Spanish-American pensioners are few in number, and there is but one Mexican war veteran. This one is William Dunckley, of Jackson township.

"I fit under Scott. I was out two years, and I fought in the battles of Vera Cruz and Contreras," said Dunckley Monday morning. "There's a Mexican soldier in Canton and there's two in Akron, but none of them fought under Scott. Scott was the commander for you. Him and Grant are in the same class. They're the best this world has ever seen. It's something, I tell you, to be able to say that you used to fight under Scott, used to be right on hand to hear them sharp, clear commands and to see the man who never asked any private to go where he would not go himself. I'll never forget the night we moved on Contreras on the march to Mexico City. That was a terror. 'Not a whisper, not an unnecessary sound,' that was the word passed around to the boys. We muffled our wheels and the horses hoofs, and we slipped by them Mexicans without them becoming suspicious. That night it thundered and rained and poured, and all the earth seemed to shake. It was the worst storm I've seen in all my 77 years. But we got to Mexico all right, and what we did then is a history. Fightin' nowadays isn't what it was then. We had flintlocks then times, and we had more trouble keepin' our flints and powder dry than we did shooting the enemy."

Mr. Dunckley has been drawing a pension of \$12 a month since in the fifties. He was shot in the hand in the battle of Contreras. He is a blacksmith, and worked at his trade for 22 years at the Vogt quarry. He enlisted at Philadelphia. He has lived in this vicinity for forty years.

THEY SAW THE PRINCE.

Melville Kirchoffer Tells of His Pittsburg Trip.

Melville Kirchoffer, who with James Carnes went to Pittsburg to see Prince Henry last week, tells the following story concerning his trip:

"We got in a good position about 9 o'clock so as to be able to see the train when it came in. On account of a wreck the train was two hours late and we were compelled to remain standing for four hours. Grant boulevard, back of the union depot, had been thronged since 8 o'clock in the morning and the people were packed to the gates endeavoring to get a view of the Prince. The depot was guarded with 200 policemen. The train arrived about 1 o'clock. It consisted of eight Pullmans and two baggage coaches. As soon as the train had stopped the Prince came out on the platform, saluted the crowd and said a few words which were inaudible from where we stood. A German singing society then sang several selections, and the band played 'The Watch on the Rhine.' The train then moved out of the depot amid the cheers of the enthusiastic crowd. The tracks for miles were crowded with people who placed pennies on the track for the train to run over."

Miss Mildred Kiehl is in Cleveland this week attending the wholesale millinery openings, and purchasing a new spring stock.

A NEW COTTAGE TO COST \$40,000.

To be Decided at the April Election.

MANY PETITIONS ARE RECEIVED.

Commissioner Summer Says There is but One Bath Tub for the Three Hundred Inmates of the County Infirmary—Decisions Handed Down by Circuit Court.

Canton, March 4.—The proposition for the erection of a new building at the county infirmary will again be submitted to the voters of Stark county at the election on April 7, 1902, for their approval or rejection. If a majority are favorable to the building of the proposed woman's cottage of one hundred rooms at a cost of about \$40,000 it will be built. The county commissioners for several days past have been receiving signed petitions asking for the re-submission to the voters of the proposition. These petitions come from Alliance, Massillon, Canton and different parts of the county, and are signed by voters and taxpayers. County Commissioner Summer, in speaking of the petitions, said: "The county commissioners will comply with the wishes of the petitioners. One hundred taxpayers are required as petitioners before the question shall be again submitted. There are many more than that number on the petitions handed in to us. We have the plans and specifications for the new building to be called the woman's cottage, although it is intended for the accommodation of both men and women. There is already \$32,000 in fund which can be devoted to the erection of the building and to no other purpose. All that is asked of the voters is the privilege of levying a tax to raise the additional \$10,000 required." In his conversation Commissioner Summer said: "Did you ever know that there is but one bath tub at the infirmary and that is in the hospital building which is not frequented by others than the sick? Well that's the situation and I never knew it until a day or two ago, when I talked with the new superintendent, Henry Bixler. He informed me that such was the case. There are three hundred inmates at the infirmary and no bath tub. It is scarcely any wonder that many of them have not kept clean."

In the case of Daniel F. Mock against Newton K. Bowman the lower court was also affirmed in its decision. The case was taken up on appeal. The case resulted from a partnership settlement which was placed in the hands of arbitrators. An objection was made to the report of the arbitrators which was upheld by the common pleas court and affirmed by the circuit court.

Canton, March 3.—W. D. Dine committed suicide at 9 o'clock Sunday evening by hanging himself in an outbuilding at his home at No. 1667 Housel street. The body was discovered fifteen minutes afterward by Mrs. Dine, and her cries attracted Ralph, their 13-year-old son. The lad cut the rope with which his father had strangled himself. Dr. Exline was summoned, but found life extinct. No troubles were known to be oppressing Mr. Dine and the only tangible theory is that his mind became unbalanced by recent sickness. Mr. Dine was a well known Cantonian and had been employed in the wood department of the Aultman Company's works. He was a member of the Junior O. U. A. M. and leaves a wife and four children. The funeral will take place at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon from the residence.

REFUSES ENGLAND'S REQUEST.

Japan Will Stand by Action of Court.

Yokohama, March 5.—The case of Mr. Gilmour, third officer of the British steamer Ajax, has become an international affair. In April last year Gilmour struck a disobedient coolie and was sentenced to fifteen days' imprisonment, according to Japanese laws. The coolie also won a suit against Gilmour by default.

Gilmour appealed and the case went to the British government. The first word came from England yesterday when the imperial government of Great Britain intimated that the Japanese government reconsider this decision and indemnify Mr. Gilmour for his costs. Today a telegram from Tokio states that the Japanese authorities see no reason why they should indemnify Mr. Gilmour for his costs. This result is considered as interesting at this juncture as showing the hard and fast line drawn between international affairs and affairs that are purely domestic.

HE HAS SOME HURTS, TOO.

Fichter Says He Did Not Do All the Hammering.

Lester Fichter, charged with assaulting Frank Lorson, at West Brookfield, Saturday night, pleaded not guilty before Mayor Wise, Monday. His hearing has been set for 10 o'clock Thursday morning. Fichter claims that Lorson was as much to blame as he, and produced several bad bruises to support his story that he, too, had suffered in the brawl.

NEW STREET LAMPS

They Are Now Being Erected by Company.

LIGHT IS WHITER AND SOFTER.

They Are of 2000 Candle-power, the Same as Old Ones—A New Ground Wire Laid, and Now Cars Run Regularly and Regularly—More Machinery for Power House.

Twenty-five of the new electric street lamps which the Massillon Light, Heat and Power Company has promised the city have been erected. Seventy-five more will be put up this week, the company having been notified that they have been shipped thither. The remaining hundred will arrive during the month.

The new lamp is of the same candle power, 2,000, as that now in use, but its light, being whiter and softer, is far better. The lamp is also said to be less complicated, requiring less attention and being less likely to become extinguished during the night. The superior light is said to be due to the use of an imported carbon, which costs several times as much as the domestic article now used.

Councilman Peter Smith has paid much attention to the lights at night lately, and when he saw by his Independent Monday evening that only 12 hours outages had been reported by the police he waxed wroth. He told the council Monday evening that he knew of many that were out, and that complaints came from all parts of the city. The story about the new lamps somewhat appeased him.

The Light, Heat and Power Company has also made some extensive improvements at the plant. A new ground wire has been laid to the tracks of the electric line, and the cars are now enabled to run regularly and rapidly. New machinery is to be installed within the next few weeks.

MISS STONE'S CAPTIVITY.

The Prisoners Were Kept in Bulgarian Territory.

Constantinople, March 4.—After the capture of Miss Ellen M. Stone and Madame Tsilka on September 3, on Turkish territory, the brigands crossed the boundary line into Bulgaria and established themselves on the Gueltepe mountains, where the population were in sympathy with them, but the prisoners were closely secluded. When C. M. Dickinson, United States consul at Constantinople, arrived in Sofia in October and disclosed to the authorities the whereabouts of Miss Stone's captors, the result was nearly disastrous to the prisoners. The Bulgarian government pushed troops to the vicinity of Gueltepe, forcing the brigands to break off negotiations, and the band changed its quarters to Kilo.

The cold weather made travel in the mountains a dreadful ordeal for Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka, encumbered as they were with the latter's infant. Every change of camp occurred at night. The mountain roads were frequently almost impassable, being deep in snow.

The brigands treated their captives as kindly as the circumstances permitted, but the food supply was precarious. The captives at no time knew their whereabouts, the brigands always telling them that they were not in Bulgaria; and they were in constant fear of an attack by the troops, whom the friendship of the natives was not always able to prevent coming close upon the trail of the band. An equal cause of anxiety was the baby, which it was feared would die from exposure.

Not until November 2 did the American emissaries come in touch with the band, which was then established in a cave near Dubnitza, but fear of the troops forced the brigands to another flight. This was made in a blinding snow storm, which covered the tracks of the outlaws, but caused bitter suffering to the captives. After this the brigands eluded the authorities, and toward the end of November, by a long circuit, they returned to their old haunts in the Elledere district. They then caused to be circulated a report that the captives were dead, and from that time kept Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka under cover until the actual release of the captives took place.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Attorney O. C. Volkmer has moved his office to No. 10 South Erie street, over A. J. Miller's jewelry store.

Charles and John Kraft, of Orrville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Guernsey, in East Oak street.

Misses Mabel Smith, Bertha Murphy, Clara Snyder, Mrs. Ackerman and Mrs. Walter Harig formed a Navarre party that spent Sunday with Massillon friends.

The circulation report for February shows that 4,038 books were issued at the public library, an average of 176 a day. The largest number issued on any one day was 413.

Thieves entered the power house of the Stark electric railway, east of Alliance, between Saturday night and Monday morning, and carried off brass fittings valued at \$300.

Fred. Dressler, of 362 North street, was examining a revolver, Sunday evening, when it was accidentally discharged. The ball took effect in his leg. The wound is not serious.

Leaders of the Epworth League of the First M. E. church for March are Miss Lizzie Reavie, Miss Bertha Martin, Marshall P. Hall, Miss Ellen Fitzgerald and Miss Cora Penberthy.

News of the marriage of Mrs. Carrie M. Russell, formerly of Massillon, to William Cooch, of Colorado Springs, has been received in the city. The marriage took place in Colorado Springs on Feb. 12.

Gerald W. Bahney and Miss May T. Evans were married Sunday afternoon at the parsonage of St. John's Evangelical church, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. Mr. Bahney is an employee of the W. & L. E. Railway Company.

Miss Gertrude Smedley and Charles H. Bayne, of Canton, were married at the parsonage of the First M. E. church, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Bayne will reside in Canton, where the groom conducts a medicinal bath institute. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hunter Smedley, of 271 West Main street.

Many Massillonians attended the funeral of the late James Smith, which was held from the residence, south of the city, at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The Rev. L. H. Stewart officiated. A vocal quartette, composed of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Johns, Mrs. Carrie Humberger and Miss Ida Stewart, took part in the services.

The newly elected officers of the Woodmen of the World are H. W. Shafer, past consul commander; S. L. Cochran, consul commander; R. Paxton, adviser; lieutenant: C. J. Duncan, banker; C. E. Wagoner, clerk; D. Flickinger, escort; N. Youngblood, watchman; P. O. Cecil, sentry; D. W. Gans, physician; J. Longheiser, W. E. N. Hemperly and C. E. Jacoby, managers.

The Canal Fulton council, Monday evening, granted to A. E. Townsend a franchise to construct water mains in the city. The proposal to enter into a contract for twenty-two plugs at \$45 a year was laid on the table, the council holding that this must first be submitted to a vote of the people. It is understood that Mr. Townsend is satisfied and will begin the construction of the plant immediately.

The teachers' council of the Presbyterian church met in the chapel Tuesday evening and elected the following Sunday school officers for the ensuing year: Superintendent, Charles E. Archer; first assistant superintendent, Charles Wagner; second assistant, Thomas Morehead; secretary, Miss Jennie Haring; assistant secretary, Donald Marsh; treasurer, C. B. Heckman; librarians, John McIsaac and Henry Snyder; pianists Miss Lulu Simpson and Charles Chidester. Following the transaction of the regular business a social session was held and the ladies present served a lunch.

The body of the late Mrs. Evan J. Evans, whose death occurred in Cleveland, was brought to Massillon Monday afternoon for interment. A brief service was conducted at the cemetery by the Rev. O. E. Hall, of the Baptist church. The pallbearers were Stanton Fox, of this city, Charles Albright, John Phillips, R. T. Price, David Richards and Thomas Richards, of Cleveland. The funeral was largely attended by people from this city, Cleveland, Youngstown and Justus. Mrs. Evans for many years maintained a country residence near Justus.

The members of the senior class of the Massillon high school who attended the Longfellow birthday exercises given by the senior class of the Navarre high school Saturday evening were Misses Ada Evans, Hazel Johnson, Marian Gates, Elizabeth Miller, Carrie Arthur, Louisa Nill, Emma Seufte, Luella Sibila, Hannah Brown, Nellie Oberlin, Ruth Pease, and Messrs. Herman J. Albrecht, Herbert Myers, Homer Lantz, Herbert Schiefer and Charles Chidester. The programme consisted of songs by the school, recitations, essays and declamations. The exercises were in charge of Superintendent Richardson and were held in the United Brethren church.

S. BURD IS SERIOUSLY HURT.

Hit with an Iron Pulley by C. Reineohl.

REINOEHL IS UNDER ARREST.

The Charge is Assault with Intent to Kill—The Mayor Has Committed Reineohl Without Bail, Pending Developments in Burd's Condition—Assault Took Place in East Main Street, and Was the Outgrowth of Trouble Over Reineohl's Finding Burd's Pocketbook Recently.

Charles Reineohl, coal driller, residing in Howells avenue, is under arrest charged with assaulting with intent to kill Sylvester Burd, real estate dealer, of 634 South Erie street. Reineohl admits that he struck Burd on the head with a heavy iron pulley, at 11 o'clock Monday morning, but claims he did it in self defense.

The affair took place in East Main street, in front of Dr. R. B. Dimon's office. Burd fell unconscious after being struck by Reineohl. He was carried into the office of Dr. Dimon. He was restored to consciousness, and an hour later was removed to his home. His injuries are a scalp wound two inches long on the left side, just above the forehead, and another gash, higher up, one and a half inches long. He complains of pain in the back of his neck, probably the result of injury sustained when he fell. Dr. Dimon regards Mr. Burd's condition as serious, but thinks he will recover.

The trouble between Burd and Reineohl dates back six weeks or more. Burd lost a pocketbook containing \$25 and other things. Reineohl found it. Reineohl was slow about returning it, so Burd sent Policeman Getz to recover it. Burd never claimed that anything was stolen from the pocketbook, but he and Reineohl have not been friendly since that time. Monday morning, Reineohl claims, he and Burd were fellow passengers in an east bound car. Reineohl admits that he addressed insulting language to Burd while in the car, who warned him that he would not tolerate much of that sort of thing.

"After that Burd got off the car at the top of the hill," said Reineohl, in police court, "and I went on to Brov street. I went to the home of Henry Bow and got an iron pulley that I needed in drilling. Then I started back to town. At North street I met Burd. We walked together, talking about that pocketbook affair. He told me that he would make me suffer for not returning that pocketbook sooner if I was half right. I told him that maybe I wasn't right, and said he might send for a judge and find out. That's the way we kept talking till we got to Dr. Dimon's place. Then Burd seemed to get mad at something I said. I ran into Dimon's yard and upon the porch, with Burd after me. I turned just as he was coming on the porch, and struck him with the pulley. I did it in self defense. After I hit him I was much excited. I ran into Dimon's office and told them about it. Then I came down town to Conrad's hardware store, and afterward went home."

Mrs. W. L. Decker, residing in the house in which Dr. Dimon's office is located, was an eye-witness of the assault. "Burd and Reineohl were walking quietly down the street when I first saw them," said Mrs. Decker. "Neither appeared to be angry or excited, I could not hear anything that was said. Suddenly Reineohl ran upon the porch. Burd came after him. They seemed to scuffle for a moment, and then Burd fell."

Dr. Dimon was attracted by the noise. He ran to the porch, arriving there just as Burd was falling under the force of the blow.

Reineohl was arrested at his home about 12:30 o'clock by Marshal Kitchen and Constable Bamberger. He acted very peculiarly. "Where's this mayor?" he demanded upon reaching police headquarters, "if he don't come here soon I'm going to leave. You can't keep me here. I haven't done any wrong. I want to go to work. I've got to make a living for my wife and family. I'm going to drilling tomorrow. I've been out of work for six weeks, and I've got to do something."

He seemed to grow hysterical. The police forced him into a chair and told him to sit there quietly, as he would have to wait till the mayor came.

The mayor committed Reineohl to jail without bail, pending developments in Burd's condition.

Reineohl, a short time ago, had trouble with F. H. Killinger. It is claimed he assaulted Killinger because he could not get money due him from the electric railway company before the regular time. He was arrested and fined.

Reineohl is 43 years old, and has a wife and child.

Reineohl claims that he had no intention of keeping Burd's pocketbook when he found it. He was prevented from returning it by circumstances over which he had no control, he said. He admits that he knew it was Burd's from the beginning. "There was one thing in that pocketbook that I took out to examine one night, and forgot to put it back. I won't say what that article was, but it was not of any value. It was in regard to this missing article that started the trouble between Burd and me. I did call Burd a hard name in the street car. I must admit that. We were talking about that pocketbook then. I didn't keep any of the money."

HE IS BOUND OVER.

Reineohl Taken to Jail in Default of Bail.

HIS BOND FIXED AT \$1,000.

The Mayor Thinks the Case Will be Referred to the Probate Court, as Reineohl's Sanity is Questioned—S. Burd Claims He Did Not Attack Reineohl, and That the Assault Was Unprovoked.

Charles Reineohl, charged with assaulting S. Burd with intent to kill, waived examination before Mayor Wise, by his attorney, R. A. Pinn, Tuesday, and was bound over to common pleas court. Being unable to procure bond for \$1,000 he was taken to jail to await his trial. The mayor thinks the case may be referred to the probate court, and an investigation as to Reineohl's sanity made. Reineohl, though he had been as wild as a maniac the night before, was calm when arraigned. He acted quite sanely. Marshal Kitchen is today having repaired the damage Reineohl did to his bed and the other furniture of his cell Monday night.

Mr. Burd continues to improve, and there is no longer any doubt as to his recovery. Speaking of the difficulty with Reineohl he said today: "I did not run after Reineohl into Dr. Dimon's yard. I was going on past when Reineohl called to me, saying that he had something he wanted to say to me. I went into the yard to meet him, and he took me unawares."

"Reineohl had been abusing father all morning," remarked Thomas Burd, a son of the injured man, Wednesday. "He had followed him from place to place, addressing him in an insulting manner. Father had asked him to retract some of the things that he said, but Reineohl refused till he entered the Dimon yard. Then he called to father that he should come back, as he was ready to take back what he had said. This was simply a ruse to get father into a position where he would be powerless to defend himself."

OBITUARY.

MRS. M. M. FLETCHER.

A letter from Los Angeles conveys further intelligence concerning the death of Mrs. M. M. Fletcher in that city on Feb. 12, a brief notice of which appeared in The Independent at the time. Mrs. Fletcher was 72 years of age, the widow of the late Abel Fletcher, of this city. Her death was due to asthmatic bronchitis. With her daughter, Miss Lillian Fletcher, Mrs. Fletcher went to California to live two years ago. The letter referred to says that during her comparatively short residence in Los Angeles she had made many friends and that the close of her life was most happy.

At her own request the body was cremated. The ashes will some time in the future be brought to Massillon for burial. Miss Fletcher will remain in California for the present.

A. C. MURRY.

David Murry, of this city, has received news of the death of his brother, A. C. Murry, at Tiffin. The deceased was formerly a resident of Massillon. The funeral will take place on Friday.

NORTH AND NORTHEAST.

That the New Mail Route to be Established.

Postmaster L. A. Koons has strong hopes that this spring will see at least one more rural mail route established in this vicinity. The route has already been laid out. It will cover territory northeast and north of the city. The carrier will go out Akron street and return over Mill street. The petitions and application are now in Washington.

VERDICT OF JURY.

C. L. & W.'s Land Appropriation Case.

PRICE AND DAMAGES FIXED.

The Sum of \$1,575 for Land Appropriated, and \$8,265 for Damage to Farm Through Which the Railway Passes—Defendants Wanted \$25,000

Canton, March 5.—The case of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company against Maria E. Warwick and others went to the jury at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The jury wrestled with the question as to the compensation to be paid for the land appropriated and the damage to the residue of the tract until 11:30 o'clock, or for 7½ hours, and returned a verdict of \$1,575 for the land appropriated and \$8,265 for damages to the residue of the tract, making \$9,840 in all. The land sought to be appropriated runs through the Warwick farm in Perry township and includes a strip about one hundred feet wide and a mile long. The case occupied about ten days in trial before Judge Augst and the probate court jury. Attorneys Willison & Day and J. E. Lessing represented the railroad company and Attorneys Lynch, Day & Day, the Warwicks.

Superintendent Yarger and the directors of the Stark county workhouse have filed their report for the month of February with the county commissioners. The report shows that there was a daily average of 103 prisoners during the month. The recapitulation shows the total expense of running the institution for the month to have been \$1,293.96. The total earnings were: Boarding foreign prisoners, \$661.92; labor in brush factory, \$162.71; total \$824.63. The cost of maintaining the institution for the month over earnings amounted to \$115.33.

The annual meeting of the board of health was held Tuesday evening. The annual and monthly reports of the officers of the board were made. The mortality report for the month of February showed but 18 deaths, 10 males and 8 females. None of these were from contagious diseases. City Physician Brant's report for the month showed the city to be in a very healthy condition, for he was called upon to make but 87 visits upon the city's charges, while 92 calls were made at his office. Health Officer Marchand's annual report showed 233 deaths in the city during the year.

DYNAMITED THE SAFE.

Burglars Clean Out Westerville Postoffice.

Westerville, O., March 5.—Dynamiting burglars got from \$900 to \$1,200 in stamps and several hundred dollars in money at the postoffice here during the night. The safe door was blown across the office and imbedded in the wall.

NEARBY TOWNS.

SMOKETOWN.

Smoketown, March 6.—Messrs. George and Henry Maurer, of Uhrichsville, spent Tuesday and Wednesday at the home of their brother, William Maurer, at this place.

William Lash, sr., conducted a sale for F. B. Engelman last Thursday. The crowd was large and all articles brought a fair price.

Teachers of Bethlehem township will hold an institute at the Pleasant Grove school house on March 8.

Ervin Sterner has purchased an extra line draft colt of J. J. Lutz.

Charles Shortess, of Strasburg, is the guest of the Palmer family this week.

Alfred Hensel has rented the R. C. Slutz property, near Navarre, and will occupy it in the near future.

J. N. Trook will have a sale on Thursday, March 13, selling stock, implements and household effects.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, March 6, 1902:

LADIES.
Deneth, Mrs. Anna. Smoots, Miss Emma. Ferest, Mrs. Rebecca. Vance, Mrs. E. J. Huston, Mrs. G. T. Williams, Mrs. M. Yau, Miss Laura.

MEN.
Barnet, Ethel. Black, Jacob. Bradbury, Chas. Burris, Harvey. Crain, F. D. Flekman, John. Frods, Frank.
Hicks, Wm. A. Jones, James. Keller, I. J. Lohr, Columbus. Myers, George. Raymond, C. Strauser, Rufus.

THEATRICAL.
Lampman, E. K. Thompson, Howard.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.
LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

WANTED.—Man and wife without children on farm 4 miles south of Canton, to take care of horses and work about house. Write or call at 26 Cedar street, Massillon.

The Quillhurst Poultry Farm, of Elyria, O., one of the finest properties of its kind in this country, makes an announcement in this issue that should interest every reader.

ROYAL Baking Powder



Makes Clean Bread

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

The "Royal Baker any Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

Alum is used in some baking powders and in most of the so-called phosphate products because it is cheap, and makes a cheaper powder. But alum is a common poison which, taken in food, acts violently upon the stomach, liver and kidneys.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK

MONTHLY REPORTS

A Low Death Rate for February.

RAINFALL LESS THAN AN INCH.

The Arrests Aggregated 23—The Light Outages Amounted to Twelve Hours—The Building Permits Call for Structures to Cost \$21,200.

But seven Massillonians died in February, according to the monthly report of Health Officer T. C. Miller. The deaths of February last year numbered but seven also. In 1900 there were 8; 1899, 18; 1898, 9; 1897, 17; 1896, 8; 1895, 11; 1894, 17; 1893, 11; 1892, 5; 1891, 10. Two deaths of the month resulted from old age. Other causes were convulsions, apoplexy, disease of the heart and railway accidents. There were two fatal railway accidents, but one of the killed, Brakeman Guy, of the Pennsylvania railway, was not a resident of this city.

THE ARRESTS.

There were twenty-three arrests, twelve for drunkenness, eleven for disorderly conduct and one for assault and battery.

THE BUILDING PERMITS.

Seven building permits were issued in February. The total value of the buildings to which they relate is set forth as \$21,200. The most expensive

building will be that of Schworm Brothers, to be erected at a cost of \$12,000 in East Main street.

LIGHT OUTAGES.

The electric light outages of the month are reported as twelve hours. But one report was made. This was by Policeman Ertle, who discovered that the lamp at the corner of Oak and Mill streets failed to burn at all one night. For every hour a lamp fails to burn the city deducts 2½ cents.

THE RAINFALL.

The rainfall for February was .67 inch. In February, 1901, the rainfall was .87 inch.

A quarter invested in THE INDEPENDENT'S "Want Columns" always brings results.

Dr. Clouse Specialist



At the Conrad Each Tuesday, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Glasses Fitted and Guaranteed Satisfactory.

All Operations of the Eye Done. Cataract Causing Blindness Removed. Crooked Eyes Made Straight. Deafness and Discharges of the Ears Promptly Cured. Catarrh of the Nose, Throat and Lungs of long standing can be fully cured by our new

Home Treatment.

No matter how bad you may be call and see what we can do for you.

Home Office 302 North Cleveland Ave., Corner Fourth St., Canton, O.

WHEN THE SNOW MELTS

You will want to begin to build or repair. Then you will want

LUMBER

Lath, Shingles, Sash and Doors.

We have everything you need in all grades and at the

Lowest Market Price.

Conrad, Dangler & Brown.

36 Clay St., Massillon, O.

Bell Phone No. 132

Massillon Phone No. 2

A COUNTRY HOUSE.

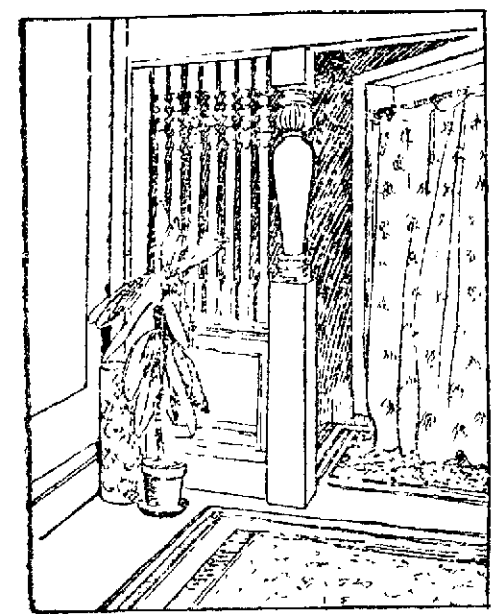
INTERIOR ARRANGEMENT OF A SMALL BUT VERY DESIRABLE COTTAGE.

Details of an Attractive Hallway. Taste in the Dining Room—A Delightful Green Walled Parlor—A Few Housekeeping Points.

Interest in housebuilding has never been so popular as it is at this time nor the desire for original expression in homes so marked.

A small but very desirable country house or cottage containing some strikingly good points is a subject of consideration by The Delineator, which, as to interior features, has the following to say, among other things:

In the hallway there are several architectural details that must naturally



GRILLWORK SEPARATING WINDOW

be named in precedence to the furnishings. The stairs in their lower portion are left without a railing, affording a pretty shelter for foliage plants. The wide tread of the steps and their good width are noteworthy. A coat closet is at the back, fitted into the space under the stairs.

At this point the hall could have been left without any lack observable in its plan, but the architect has introduced a pleasant scheme for making it more delightful—a set under a window, with its separating grillwork.

A pleasant spot for a pause from the dining room to the living room and particularly happy for occasions of entertaining.

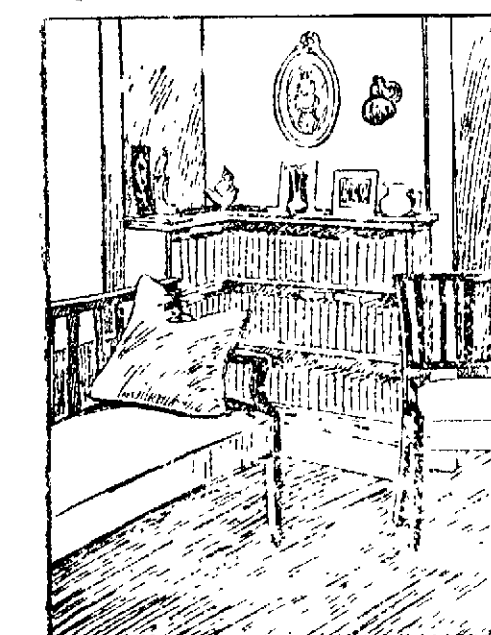
The white painted woodwork strikes the attention in the hall, and from there it is carried entirely through the house. This makes the uniform adoption of white shades and muslin curtains a simple solution of the often complex question of window treatment. The walls of the halls are tinted a deep colonial red. The floor coverings are the fine mixed colorings of the orient. A Japanese holder for umbrellas occupies one corner of the hall, and a mirror and chair are opposite.

Perfect taste in the dining room requires an absence of the superfluous.

Although applicable all over the house, this rule is particularly insistent in this room. We may accumulate things in our bedrooms and parlors, adding here and there as the fancy comes to us, but in the dining room the utilitarian office should never be submerged in the ornamental. To those of us who do not realize this adequately this dining room will offer an admirable lesson. A corner closet for china keeps the line of the floor even and displays behind the diamond panes of glass the decorated tableware. The long drawers are well adapted for the table linen and especially for the tea cloths that the housekeeper finds difficult to keep in unfolded condition. The table, chairs and sideboard are of oak, in plain, good style. The sideboard is equipped with teakettle and chafin dish, making an unexpected point of interest after entering the room. A fireplace with bricks around the opening is opposite the entrance. A large Turkish carpet is laid under the table, and a Turkish portiere is hung at the hall entrance.

The parlor is so perfectly composed that the conventional room the word parlor conjures up makes it in this case a customer. It is a delightful room at whichever point the eye rests. The fireplace is situated directly facing the doorway so that on entering one is in sensibly drawn toward the ingle nook. The mantel is a beautiful conception of simple ornaments, graceful and gener-

ous proportion—three characteristics that are not always found in company. The walls of the parlor are finished with green water color paint, and on this surface the pictures stand forth vividly. In an opposite corner of the room, to the left of the entrance, is a low bookcase built against the wall, and this is painted like the woodwork.



BOOKSHELVES IN PARLOR

The housekeeping details of this small country house are managed with fully as much skill as the other parts of the house. The boiler's pantry is well lighted and ventilated, and the kitchen shows a sensible disposition of range and sink.

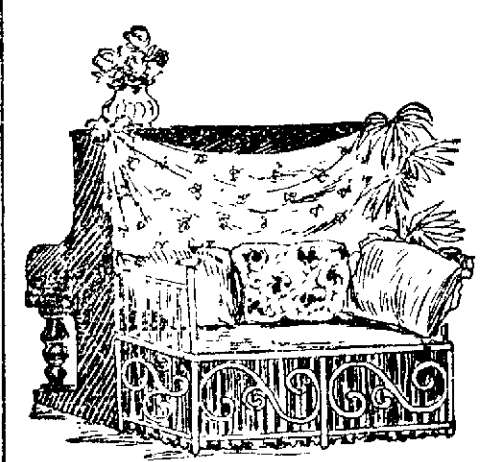
A MUSIC ROOM.

Any Small Room May Be Turned Into a Den For Practice.

In former times the term music room implied a large and stately apartment, with lofty ceiling and all the appurtenances that wealth could provide. Says The Householder, but today there is another meaning for the words, and any little room on the ground floor large enough to hold an upright piano is set apart for the purpose, and where the small room is not available the hall is often utilized, although this is not so desirable, as the sound will penetrate to every part of the house.

The separate music room is especially desirable where there are children who must have regular hours for practice; consequently, if the piano or organ is in the room where callers are received, either the mother or older members of the family must be excused during practice and lesson hours or the child must be constantly interrupted.

It goes without saying that the sound of the music will not be as agreeable in a small room as in a large one or in the hall, but that can better be sacri-



TREATMENT FOR THE BACK OF A PIANO.

ficed than the comfort of the household. In such a room, say 8 feet by 9, or even smaller, do not place the piano against the wall. Nothing but an upright would answer in so small a room, and this must be given every advantage that the space allows.

The room may be made very artistic and a most attractive part of the house, so that it will be a pleasure to practice there. The floor must be uncarpeted except for a rug or two, and there must be a window near which the piano should be placed so that the light will fall from the left upon the keyboard and music.

A piano thus placed exposes the back to view, and the back of an upright piano is by no means a thing of beauty. So the device for covering this unsightly side of the instrument are many and various. Some women merely drape it with a soft silken material gathered up at both sides and allowed to fall to the floor; others tack a handsome piece of tapestry to the four corners, stretching it out flat, like a picture, to show the design, and framing it around with dull colored plush if the tapestry is not large enough to cover the entire back.

An excellent idea is to place a handsome screen in front of it, as this allows more circulation of air for vibration of the keys than when covered tightly with woolen or silken material.

But in either case, whether a drapery or a screen is used, it is an excellent idea to place before it a small divan with pillows, which gives a more social and homelike aspect to the room, or, if the divan is not at hand, a small table with books and magazines or a growing plant, with an easy chair near by, will answer the same purpose.

If there is more sheet music than can well be accommodated in the music cabinet, it is well to have shelves built on one side of the room deep enough to accommodate these sheets and to have the shelves classified that the music may be kept orderly—thus one shelf to be devoted to vocal music, another to classical collections, a third for dance music, and so on.

Each shelf is provided with rod and curtain, which can be drawn across to hide the contents inside.

Millinery Fancies.

Among fancies of the spring in head-gear is sketched a capeline affair of rose tulle having the edge of the brim



NEW HATS

trimmed with pink roses and a cluster of velvet loops to the left, falling on the hair behind.

A soft pearl gray felt hat is the second example. It is draped with silk of the same shade and a broad band of chinchilla. In front a cluster of white roses appears from a steel agraffe which holds in a twist of silk.

THE CARE OF A WATCH.

Cleanliness, Regular Winding and a Proper Position.

Generally speaking, the understanding of the public as to what should reasonably be expected from a watch and how it is to be treated is very limited. A little instruction in this regard may benefit the people as well as protect watchmakers from undesired censure. A watch must be well treated if it is required to perform well its duty. Nobody neglects a large engine or any kind of extended and complicated machinery. The utmost care is taken to observe its working day and night, and it is no more than natural to believe that a watch, containing the smallest and most complicated mechanism, demands extraordinary attention, care and protection as well as large machinery.

A watch, even if of very good quality, can only give satisfaction if it is treated with regard to its subtle construction. Its possessor must prevent it from falling or being knocked about. A jump from a street car has more than once caused a good timepiece in the jumper's pocket to change its rate. A watch must be kept clean and in a clean place. Dust and small particles of the pocket lining gather continuously in the pockets, and even the best fitting case cannot prevent dirt finding its way to the wheels and pivots of the movement. Watch pockets should be turned inside out and cleaned at regular intervals.

A watch ought to be wound regularly at about the same hour every day. The best time to do this is in the morning, for two reasons: First, because the hours of rising and dressing are more regular with most people than their hours of disrobing and retiring; second, because the full power of the mainspring is more likely to reduce to a minimum the irregularities caused by the movements of the owner during the day.

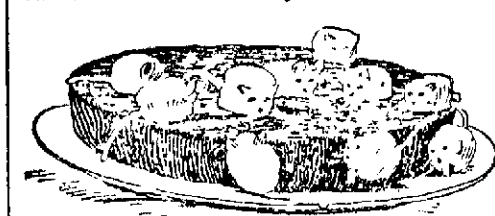
When not carried in the pocket a watch should always hang by its ring in the same position as it is worn. As a rule, watches will run with a different rate when laid down. Only high grade watches are adjusted to positions and will show only a few seconds difference in twenty-four hours, while common watches may be out several minutes in one night.

Ladies often complain that their watches do not run regularly. This may be on account of smaller size and more difficult regulating, but the main reason for the faulty rate is to be found in the fact that ladies do not always carry their watches and consequently often forget to wind them.

Never leave a hunting case watch open during a considerable length of time. A careful observer will find in the morning a layer of dust on the crystal of a watch that has been open during the night. That dust will find its way into the movement. The dust on the outside of the case will be unconsciously rubbed off by the wearer, but when the watch is closed the dust inside of the case must remain there.

A Nice Birthday Cake For a Child.

A marshmallow cake or mouse cake is suggested by Good Housekeeping as suitable for a birthday cake. Children



MOUSE CAKE FOR A BIRTHDAY.

will appreciate it. Prepare the mice first. Gently mold the marshmallows with the fingers into elongated shape and with a needle threaded two double with fine white thread put in the whiskers, every time wiping the needle with a damp cloth. For the eyes and nose use pen and ink. The ears are tiny squares of white note paper folded diagonally and carefully pressed into the head. The tail, made of No. 6 white cotton, is put in place with the scissors point.

Why Wrinkles Come.

Some faces contract wrinkles at quite an early stage of youth. Little children, not in the least bad tempered, often sleep with a frown upon their faces, and this habit leads to a wrinkled forehead. But the wrinkles thus formed are not the ugliest by any means. Those most to be dreaded are the little lines which appear round the eyes and mouth from the falling away or the bad condition of the skin of the face. In some cases this is due to an overdryness of the skin, and here facial massage does wonders, with the application of really proper skin foods and creams for its nourishment.

Fashionable Veiling.

The shops are showing novel veiling in immense quantities. Veils ending just at the upper lip have been the mode in Paris all winter, and though received very coldly at first on this side the water will no doubt soon gain recognition. Something the same effect is given by a complexion veil of white malines overlaid by a fine black mesh to some three or four inches from the edge, at which point it finishes, leaving a broad border of the plain white mesh dotted with black chenille. If properly adjusted, this gives much the appearance of the Parisian veil itself.—Vogue.

Towels That Suit the Skin.

There is nothing so good for the complexion or so soothing to the skin as good linen huckaback or damask, and they wash and wear for years. The so-called Turkish towels are cotton and very useful for the bath, because they absorb a great deal of water quickly, but the woman who is so ill advised as to use cotton or cotton and linen huckaback for her face and hand towels will never feel comfortable.

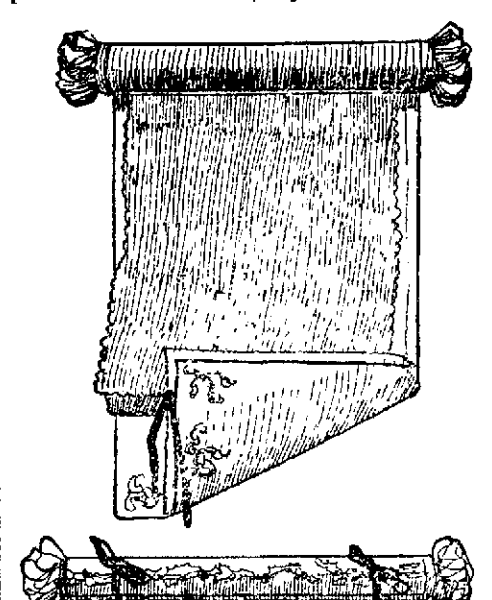
NEW PINCUSHIONS.

UP TO DATE ASPECT OF A USEFUL AND DECORATIVE ARTICLE.

A Change in Shape—Long, Narrow Rolls Now the Thing—Fanciful Combination Affairs—Sensible and Pretty Coverings.

Let our readers examine a pincushion of, say, fifty years ago, and they will see that fashions change in room accessories almost as frequently as they do in wearing apparel, for the pincushion of that date looks as old and out of place today as would a bonnet or dress of the same period. So advises The Designer in preface to the following items about the pincushions of the present:

One season all the really up to date cushions for our pins will display hand painted decorations; a year later ribbon



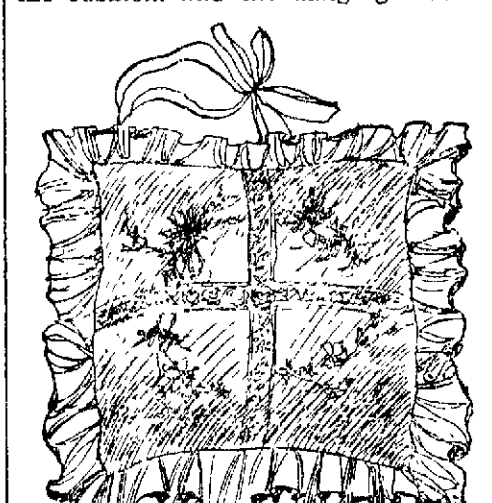
FOR VEILS AND HATPINS.

embroidery is considered correct for their beautifying, while this winter lace is a large item in their trimming.

Shapes change, too, and at present the immense square cushions have given place to those measuring only about six inches each way or long, narrow rolls about nine or ten inches in length and two and a half or three inches in width.

The novel and attractive combination veil case and cushion for hatpins which is here shown is a compact and serviceable article, which after one has once possessed it is certain to be replaced as often as it wears out. In this instance it is made of fine brown linen, on which is outlined in tint a conventional design of holly berries and leaves, these being bordered with Kensington stitch, worked in scarlet and green floss, and the turned edge of the linen held down with a similar stitch. The veil portion of the linen is lined with pale yellow china silk, and two leaves of the silk with pinked edges are caught along beneath the cushion portion. These are to slip the veils between.

The pretty little hanging pincushion, which is also a sachet, is only about four inches square and is covered with pale yellow china silk, on which are embroidered in darker shades of yellow tiny chrysanthemums with delicate gray green stems and leaves. Straps of narrow ribbon are carried across the cushion, dividing it into quarters, and these are held down in the center with a few tacking stitches. A double ruffle of the china silk edges the cushion, and the hanging ribbons



SACHET LACE CUSHION.

are the same as those used for the straps. This is a convenient and pretty little cushion for the lace pins which now form accessories to nearly every feminine toilet.

Foundations for cushions made of strong unbleached muslin and stuffed with brin or sawdust may be purchased in almost any preferred shape and size, to be covered with satin, silk or lace to suit the taste of the maker. It is much better to purchase these foundations than to attempt to make them for oneself, as their manufacture is quite a science.

The cushion covering of white linen worked in wash silk is still a great favorite, although it is not new by any means. It is so practical and neat, and one need not fear doing damage if one sticks a pin in it.

Hand painted pincushion tops are quite cast in the background by the embroidered linen ones such as we have just described or by those of Irish crochet or remembrance lace.

Caramel Coffee.

Coffee made with a suspicion of caramel is liked as an after dinner or luncheon coffee by some people. It is made by putting a couple of tablespoonfuls of lump sugar in a small saucepan and allowing it to color almost black without burning. When the coffee, say about four tablespoonfuls, has been put in the heated percolator, add the caramel and pour on the boiling water.

Baked Smelts.

Wash thoroughly, dry in a cloth, arrange in a fat baking dish after buttering both fish and dish. Season with salt and pepper and cover with bread or cracker crumbs. Place a piece of butter on each fish and bake twenty minutes. Garnish with parsley.

WHY MEN GROW WEAK.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Makes Men Healthy, Strong, Vigorous, Powerful.

'Tis indeed the pace which kills. It is not work which injures, it is over-work, worry, confinement, over-taxing the strength, strain upon nerve and body, dissipation or spring debility, which breaks down the health, weakens the nerves, exhausts the body. You become weak, nervous, restless, or fretful; have dizziness, bad feeling head and unsteady and trembling nerves, strange sensations, a feeling of anxiety, gloom, and discouragement; you are sleepless, and wake tired and unrefreshed; appetite and digestion fail, and you have kidney and liver complaint, constipation, rheumatism—and finally nervous prostration, heart failure, paralysis, insanity—death.

Now, what is the remedy? Obviously something which will rebuild the shattered nerves, restore tone and vitality to the blood, brain, and nerves, and strengthen and invigorate all the organs of the body. There is nothing else known which will so completely and perfectly do this as Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, that grandest of medicines, which is restoring the health of the people, recognized at the present day as the master remedy of the world.

The well-known druggist, Charles W. Eggleston, Esq., 329 Park Ave., Worcester, Mass., says:

"Some time ago I was taken with nervous prostration. I suffered terribly with my nerves and could get no sleep at all. I became fearfully exhausted, my stomach was in a terrible condition from dyspepsia, and I could eat hardly anything."

"I used several medicines, but without benefit. Being in the drug business myself, and having had Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to try it. After taking only one-half bottle I began to feel much better. I slept soundly all night, and my appetite was splendid. After taking three bottles, I ate three square meals a day and had not the slightest distress. My nerves were perfectly strong and I felt like a new man, being completely cured of all my troubles. Out of the respect I bear the manufacturers of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and my desire to have the sick and suffering made well and strong, I heartily recommend it to people who are sick, and especially to people who are the same as I was, nervous and inclined toward dyspepsia and indigestion, and suffering from not being able to sleep well at night."

Especially do men grow weak in spring from the change of season, and every one needs a spring medicine and should take this best of spring remedies, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of a famous physician, and is therefore exactly adapted to cure. It has standing behind it the most famous and successful specialist in curing nervous, chronic, or lingering diseases, Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and an added value and assurance of cure is given to this wonderful remedy because the Doctor can be consulted, without charge, about your case, personally or by writing to him.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines. Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	21	10	31	15	11	43	27	11
Pittsburgh, Pa.	10:05	10:35	11:05	11:35	12:05	12:35	1:05	1:35
Beaver Falls, Pa.	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34
Columbiana, Pa.	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04
Lebanon, Pa.	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34
Uniontown, Pa.	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04
Alliance, Pa.	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34
Shoreville, Pa.	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04
Maximo, Pa.	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34
Shoreville, Pa.	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04
Canton, Pa.	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34
Massillon, Pa.	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04
Lawrence, Pa.	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34
Barberton, Pa.	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04
Orville, Pa.	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34
Smithville, Pa.	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04
Wooster, Pa.	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34
Shoreville, Pa.	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04
Big Prairie, Pa.	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34
Lakeville, Pa.	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04
Londonville, Pa.	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34
Marysville, Pa.	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04
Shoreville, Pa.	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34
Greentown, Pa.	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04
Greentown, Pa.	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34
Greentown, Pa.	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04
Greentown, Pa.	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34
Greentown, Pa.	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04
Greentown, Pa.	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34
Greentown, Pa.	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04
Greentown, Pa.	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34
Greentown, Pa.	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04
Greentown, Pa.	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34
Greentown, Pa.	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04
Greentown, Pa.	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34
Greentown, Pa.	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04
Greentown, Pa.	1:04	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34
Greentown, Pa.	1:34	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04
Greentown, Pa.	2:04	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34
Greentown, Pa.	2:34	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04
Greentown, Pa.	3:04	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34
Greentown, Pa.	3:34	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04
Greentown, Pa.	4:04	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34
Greentown, Pa.	4:34	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04
Greentown, Pa.	5:04	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34
Greentown, Pa.	5:34	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04
Greentown, Pa.	6:04	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34
Greentown, Pa.	6:34	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04
Greentown, Pa.	7:04	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34
Greentown, Pa.	7:34	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04
Greentown, Pa.	8:04	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34
Greentown, Pa.	8:34	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04
Greentown, Pa.	9:04	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34
Greentown, Pa.	9:34	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04
Greentown, Pa.	10:04	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34
Greentown, Pa.	10:34	11:04	11:34	12:04	12:34	1:04	1:34	2:0

HE MADE A FIGHT.

But Was Overpowered,
Tried and Sentenced.

THEN M. KINERAY ESCAPED.

Got Away from Constable Persky as They Sat Waiting for Their Train in the Railway Station—Navarre Convinced That Typhoid Fever is Contagious—News of Other Towns.

North Lawrence, March 3.—Michael Kineray had some trouble at home Saturday evening. Constable Persky was sent for. Kineray fought the officer with such persistence that the latter had to deputize divers citizens to aid him. Kineray was finally gotten into Ketler's drug store, where court was held in unceremonious fashion. The charge was disturbing the peace. Kineray was found guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 and serve twenty days in the workhouse. Persky turned his prisoner over to F. Farmer. Kineray sat quietly enough for a time while awaiting the train that was to carry him to limbo. Suddenly Kineray leaped to his feet, dashed out of the door and has since not been heard of. Kineray is unmarried and lives with his mother.

NAVARRÉ.
Navarre, March 3.—Henry Zintsmaster recently came home from Cleveland ill with typhoid fever. Shortly after his return, his father, Michael Zintsmaster, was taken ill with the same disease. Now Dr. S. J. Shetler, Michael Zintsmaster's son-in-law, is sick with typhoid fever. The three live together, and this fact has convinced many people that typhoid fever is a contagious disease, though some of the local physicians protest that it is not.

PRIMARY ELECTION.
Canal Fulton, March 3.—The Republican primary election was held in this township Saturday. The only contests were for clerk and trustee. J. W. Kirk was nominated for clerk and J. A. Johnson for trustee. The vote:
For clerk, J. W. Kirk 124, C. M. Shafer 61, D. K. Wagoner 3; Newman, Kirk 20, Shafer 10; B. precinct Canal Fulton, Kirk 78, Shafer 34, Wagoner 7; A. precinct Canal Fulton, Shafer 58, Kirk 43, Wagoner 6.
For trustee—North Lawrence, J. A. Johnson 157, William Patt 31; Newman, Johnson 19, Patt 3; Canal Fulton, Johnson 170, Patt 40.

STANWOOD.
Stanwood, March 3.—Mrs. Jacob Weisgerber has been on the sick list the past week.
Mr. Brogan, of North Lawrence, has rented the boarding house at Stanwood, of the Massillon Coal Mining Company, and will take possession March 3.

O. E. Oberlin was a business visitor in Massillon Thursday.

Jonathan Rees is suffering from an abscess on his side.

Frank Hoffelinger, of Indiana, has been a guest at the Shilling homestead the past week.

The Rev. W. S. Adams began a series of meetings Sunday evening.

The Misses Lotta and Nellie Stoner are visiting with friends and relatives in Wilmot this week.

About forty of Clarence Brinker's young friends called at his home Tuesday evening to remind him of his twentieth birthday anniversary. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

PIGEON RUN.

Mrs. Laura Houston, of Leetonia, is visiting her mother here.

Charles Culler is drilling for coal on his father's farm, near Pigeon Run. The barn of John Collier burned to the ground Saturday evening. Nothing was saved except the cattle and horses. The loss is covered by insurance.

MT. EATON.

Mt. Eaton, March 3.—The Misses Minnie Schlafly and Louisa Bovine visited their parents Saturday and Sunday. While on their way to Wooster Sunday evening their horse became unmanageable and ran off, upsetting the buggy and throwing both out. They were bruised but, fortunately, not seriously injured.

Miss Amanda Roth is visiting Miss Calie Barfuss, at Canal Dover.

Mrs. J. B. Westcott was pleasantly surprised by relatives and friends on Wednesday, it being her eightieth birthday.

W. M. Beacon, of Cleveland, spent Sunday at the Lucas Inn.

Adolph Bovine is visiting his sister

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF CURES ANY CRIP COLD BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS

INSIDE OR OUT DIARRHEA COLIC in 15 to 30 minutes 25c, 50c, \$1.

For Sale by Z. T. Baltz.



No Time to Lose

You cannot afford to disregard the warnings of a weak and diseased heart and put off taking the prescription of the world's greatest authority on heart and nervous disorders—

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

If your heart palpitates, flutters, or you are short of breath, have smothering spells, pain in left side, shoulder or arm, you have heart trouble and are liable to drop dead any moment.

Major J. W. Woodcock, one of the best known oil operators in the country, dropped dead of heart disease recently, at his home in Portland, Ind., while mowing his lawn.—The Press.

Mrs. M. A. Birdsall, Watkins, N. Y., whose portrait heads this advertisement, says: "I write this through gratitude for benefits I received from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I had palpitation of the heart, severe pains under the left shoulder, and my general health was miserable. A few bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure cured me entirely."

Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

at Massillon.

August Mathiot is again able to be out, after being confined to the house for five weeks with the grip.

The funeral of Miss Bertha Marchand, who died last Monday, took place from the German Reformed church Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

SAM PERSKY'S STORY.

The Officer Tells of a Night of Excitement.

Constable Samuel Persky, of Lawrence township, who was one of the central figures in the trouble stirred up by Michael Kineray, at North Lawrence, Saturday evening, is in Massillon today. Persky carries a slight cut on his right wrist, which he says was inflicted by Kineray, who attacked him with a knife.

"When I attempted to arrest Kineray," said Persky, "he drew this knife. I drew my revolver, and told him I would shoot if he did not put up the knife. He came at me. I did not want to shoot, so I took him by the nap of the neck and threw him face downward on the floor. We were then in Fred Farmer's store. I kicked the knife out of his hand, and I gathered him together and took him to the drug store, whither I called Justice Ellis. Here additional charges of resisting an officer and contempt of court were preferred. After Kineray was sentenced, I deputized two men to watch Kineray and allowed him to go home. When the train came Kineray refused to go. My deputies also refused to serve, so I had to tackle the job of carrying Kineray down alone. I deputized two other men, but we couldn't get to the station in time. Fred Farmer then offered to take charge of Kineray till the next train. I turned Kineray over. When I went for him, Farmer told me he had escaped. If ever Kineray returns to Lawrence he will be arrested, but I shall not follow him."

Work on the second factory to be erected at Warwick is to be commenced this week, it is said. Warwick is bracing itself for a big boom when spring opens. The new furnace factory will soon be ready for operation, and operations are to be resumed in full blast at the quarries.

"I have but two objections to find to the place," remarked one blower. "The first is we have to pass through a woods to get to the factory, and the other is the muddy sidewalks of Clinton. But I think in time we'll get used to both. Clinton ought to have some street lamps to keep its citizens from getting swamped."

William Jacobs was to have worked at Warwick. He removed his effects, but could not stand the quiet of the place, and came back on the next train.

SALOONS MUST GO.

Recent Order Issued by the Pennsylvania Company.

In pursuance of the policy of Superintendent W. C. Cushing, of the Pennsylvania lines, all bars connected with railroad hotels will be closed from March 1. The only houses affected by the new order on this division are the Russell House and the house at Crestline run by Nicholas Ames. The Russell House bar was closed this morning.

Cushing is a temperance man and has recently issued an order prohibiting any railroad employee from entering a saloon whether on or off duty, and train boys in the future will not be allowed to smoke cigarettes or use tobacco while on duty. The new ruling will meet with the approval of the traveling public, especially that part of it which applies to the use of intoxicants, as no one in these days of rapid transit cares to trust their life with any but men of unclouded and unstimulated intellects. But among the railroad men themselves the order is not received in quite the same spirit, as they feel it is an encroachment upon their personal liberties.—Alliance Review.

Frank Polson, Miner and Barber, Claims Fichter's Friends Held Him While Fichter Bit, Struck and Kicked Him—In a Bad Condition.

Marshal Kitchen Monday went to West Brookfield to arrest Lester Fichter, who is said to have bitten and beaten Frank Polson, a fellow citizen. Polson works in the mine by day, and does barbering at night. Saturday evening, he claims, he was sitting in the stand of Peter Wolf, in Brookfield, when Fichter and others entered. Fichter, he claims, accused him of circulating false stories about him, called him names and then struck him. Polson declares he was not given a fair show, Fichter's friends crowding around him so that he could not defend himself. Fichter got him on the floor in a corner, bit him in the cheek, struck him in the nose, and then, rising, kicked him about the head and face. Polson says that he was rendered powerless by Fichter's friends.

Polson says Fichter has felt a soreness toward him because he does not spend money in his saloon.

Polson's head and face were covered with cuts and bruises when he appeared before the mayor to make affidavit Monday morning.

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WOODS ARE DARK.

Yet Warwick Men Say
They Are Contented.

BLOWERS BOARD AT CLINTON.

Many Visit Massillon Saturday

Evening, with Reports of the Best Glass They Ever Worked, a Company of Which They Think Well and Tales of Ponds That Disappear in Rainy Weather.

Warwick glassblowers, all former Massillonians, who came to the city, Saturday evening, were F. W. Cisen, Andrew Ellis, William Stirrup, Sylvester Welsh, Clarence Wikson, B. McNamee, George Lamont, John Garrett and Martin Schlagle. The other blowers, who remained at Warwick over Sunday are Louis Sabner, John Monheimer, William Foster, Harry Moore, David Moore, Thomas Daily, George Blumenauer, Abraham Hessley and Robert Chesman. George Foster was Saturday called to Kingsville, Canada, by the serious illness of a relative.

"The glass we are making at Warwick," remarked Mr. Cisen, "is by all odds the finest I have ever worked. It was good from the start, and it kept getting better right along. We had to work a little slow, because all our boys were green, but they're picking up, and in a week or two we'll be going with the best of 'em. The boys think well of the company, for Saturday, though we'd only worked three days, we got our full week's market money, \$20. That's a peculiar country up there, though. Why, the other night when I went to bed there was a big pond back of the factory. It rained all night, and the next morning the pond was gone. That's something we can't understand, though we half figured out that it's the sandy soil thawing and soaking up the water that explains it."

Most of the blowers board in Clinton, and drive to and from the factory in a large covered wagon which will accommodate a dozen at a time. Arrangements are now being made for forming a branch of the union. All the blowers are members at Massillon or some other point. Officers will be elected this week. A meeting to discuss the matter was held last week.

Work on the second factory to be erected at Warwick is to be commenced this week, it is said. Warwick is bracing itself for a big boom when spring opens. The new furnace factory will soon be ready for operation, and operations are to be resumed in full blast at the quarries.

"I have but two objections to find to the place," remarked one blower. "The first is we have to pass through a woods to get to the factory, and the other is the muddy sidewalks of Clinton. But I think in time we'll get used to both. Clinton ought to have some street lamps to keep its citizens from getting swamped."

William Jacobs was to have worked at Warwick. He removed his effects, but could not stand the quiet of the place, and came back on the next train.

SALOONS MUST GO.
Recent Order Issued by the Pennsylvania Company.

In pursuance of the policy of Superintendent W. C. Cushing, of the Pennsylvania lines, all bars connected with railroad hotels will be closed from March 1. The only houses affected by the new order on this division are the Russell House and the house at Crestline run by Nicholas Ames. The Russell House bar was closed this morning.

Cushing is a temperance man and has recently issued an order prohibiting any railroad employee from entering a saloon whether on or off duty, and train boys in the future will not be allowed to smoke cigarettes or use tobacco while on duty. The new ruling will meet with the approval of the traveling public, especially that part of it which applies to the use of intoxicants, as no one in these days of rapid transit cares to trust their life with any but men of unclouded and unstimulated intellects. But among the railroad men themselves the order is not received in quite the same spirit, as they feel it is an encroachment upon their personal liberties.—Alliance Review.

Frank Polson, Miner and Barber, Claims Fichter's Friends Held Him While Fichter Bit, Struck and Kicked Him—In a Bad Condition.

Marshal Kitchen Monday went to West Brookfield to arrest Lester Fichter, who is said to have bitten and beaten Frank Polson, a fellow citizen. Polson works in the mine by day, and does barbering at night. Saturday evening, he claims, he was sitting in the stand of Peter Wolf, in Brookfield, when Fichter and others entered. Fichter, he claims, accused him of circulating false stories about him, called him names and then struck him. Polson declares he was not given a fair show, Fichter's friends crowding around him so that he could not defend himself. Fichter got him on the floor in a corner, bit him in the cheek, struck him in the nose, and then, rising, kicked him about the head and face. Polson says that he was rendered powerless by Fichter's friends.

Polson says Fichter has felt a soreness toward him because he does not spend money in his saloon.

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Over-Work Weakens
Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble. Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

HIGH GRADE NECKWEAR.

NEW SPRING PRODUCTIONS.

Prince Henry TIES, 50c

The Du Barry TIES, 50c

The Loreador TIES, 50c

The Little Duchess TIES, 25c

New Reversible TIES, 25c & 50c

Narrow 4-in-Hand TIES, 25c & 50c

New Imperials, 50 Cents

Bat Shield Bows, 25 Cents

New Graduated Tycoons, 25 Cents

See the Ainslee Arrow Brand, No. 3 and 4 square point double Collar, 2 for 25 cents

Doll's Hat, Glove and Shirt Store, 4 EAST MAIN STREET.

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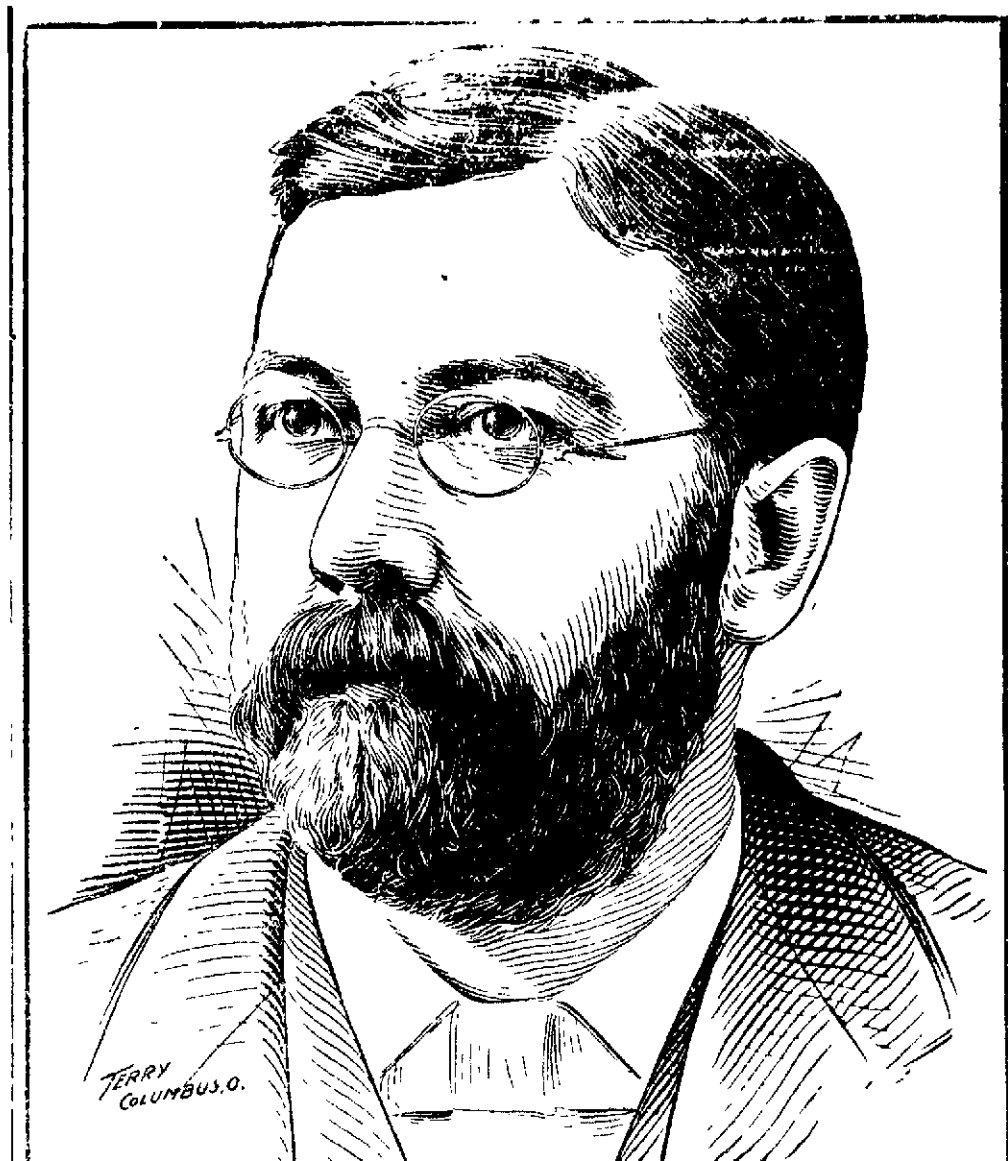
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DR KUTCHIN, Ex-U. S. Surgeon, Columbus, Ohio.

Is a graduate of two of the leading medical colleges in America. Licensed by the State of Ohio.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT

DOCTOR KUTCHIN

20 Years Experience

Recognized by the entire medical fraternity as the

LEADING AND MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALIST

IN THE WORLD.

He cures sick men and women, and has an established reputation for honesty and

truthfulness. He keeps his promises.

The Bible says: "In the mouths of two or three witnesses shall every word

be established." Here are several witnesses.

Dr. Kutchin has hundreds of such testimonials, but never publishes a name

unless asked to do so. Read what these cured and happy people have to say.

WHY DON'T YOU SEE THE DOCTOR BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE?

SNATCHED FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH.

I was desperately ill for several years with Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. I had

lost all hope as I could get in this part of the country, but they did not help me. I was

so weak I could not walk, my feet were swollen so I could only wear a big pair of father's

shoes. I was almost blind, and the doctors gave me up to die.

But I then turned to Dr. Kutchin, and while he would not promise to cure me, he gave

me a chance. I have recovered with him for 4 months. Now I can go any place and am

improving so rapidly that I feel about as well as ever. I cheerfully recommend Dr.

Kutchin. Will answer letters if stamp is enclosed. MRS. CHARLES YANNAYON, Columbus, Ohio.

THIS FRENCHMAN'S EXPERIENCE IS GOOD READING.

Versailles, O., April, 1901.

For seven years I never drew a well breath. I took Peruna and all the other patent

medicines until I had enough bottles in my house to start a drug store. I tried seven or

eight local doctors. Nothing ever helped me. Finally I went to see Dr. Kutchin, and he

pronounced my disease Bronchial Catarrh. In three months I gained eighteen pounds, I am

getting well as fast as a man can.

Dr. Kutchin is very reasonable in his charges and I would have saved hundreds of dollars if

I had gone to him sooner. I advise all the sick to doctor with him for they will never

regret it. JOSEPH SAINTIGNON.

CURED SEVEN YEARS AGO.

I was in deep trouble 7 years ago. In fact, I was about dead. I had a bad case of

catarrh of the stomach and disease of the kidneys. I could not do a man's work with

playing out. I was bloated, nervous, sleepless, with pain in my back and a throbbing

feeling. I used to get up in the morning more tired than when I went to bed. But Dr.

DETERMINED TO DIE.

Grossklaus Felt no Regret at Coming of Death.

COULD HAVE SAVED HIMSELF.

With Cool Desperation a Justus Man Slipped on the Moose and Died with His Feet Touching the Floor—Had but to Stand Erect to Stay Death.

Justus, March 5.—John Grossklaus, aged about 55 years, a wealthy bachelor farmer, committed suicide at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon by hanging. He used a piece of wool twine, which he attached to the rafters of the attic. His feet were touching the floor when the body was found, and he could easily have saved himself had he felt any regret during the minute that preceded death. He had but to stand erect to stay death.

Grossklaus lived with his brother, Fred Grossklaus. Lately he had not been in good health. His rooms were on the second floor of the residence. The body was found by Miss Anna Grossklaus, niece of the deceased. She was going upstairs to fix the fire in her uncle's room. Glancing up the stairway she saw the body hanging in the attic. Grossklaus was not dead, though unconscious, when found. He died without regaining consciousness.

The deceased left no letters of explanation. It is supposed that ill health and the fear that a breaking down of his system was imminent, drove him to desperation. Grossklaus was quite wealthy. He was a farmer, and was accounted a shrewd and successful. He was a nephew of John Grossklaus, of Navarre.

NEWMAN.

Newman, March 5.—Josiah Rowe, sr. of North Lawrence, spent Monday in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. James Weidner have rented the east part of the Masters property and moved there this week.

The Newman literary has become defunct and closed its doors since the bad roads have set in.

Casper Heinbuch has purchased a home on the Canton road, near Massillon's east end, and will move there on April 1.

The White Oak coal mine on the Kitchen farm made the first shipment on Saturday, the Massillon Stone and

Firebrick Company being the first purchaser of a forty-ton car, run of mine. The coal is of the best quality in the Massillon district.

Mrs. T. E. Masters spent several days in Massillon last week assisting her sister, Mrs. Ostenheimer, who has a very sick child.

John A. Doubleday has purchased a home near Bentley, in Tuscarawas township, and will move his family there about April 1. The property which he vacates will be for sale or rent. There is seventeen acres of land with this home. For particulars see William Findley.

Mrs. Joseph Griffith is undergoing a severe attack of the grip.

The Hon. James Cooney arrived at his home in Newman last week after a three months' visit with his brother in Iowa. He was very much pleased with his trip and the people, but feels that after all is said and done there is no place like Newman. Mr. Cooney while in Iowa was a close observer and has arranged for a shipment of a new quality of oats to arrive here in time for spring seeding. He also took an active part in the free school book agitation of that state and gave them the benefit of his experience in Ohio on that same question.

The trustees of Lawrence township held their annual settlement meeting at Canal Fulton last Monday. After the routine business had been attended to the Metzger new road bill was talked over, the consensus of opinion being that in Lawrence township, where there are nearly sixty miles of public road to work, that it would be simply an impossibility for one road commissioner to superintend the work and do the roads justice. Why not permit the trustees to appoint a commissioner in each precinct in the township? The territory could then be covered within the proper time for working the roads.

Mrs. Amanda Reese spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. John G. Edwards, at Barberton.

Miss Jennie Thorn, of near Canal Fulton, was the guest of Miss Theresa Dodd last week.

The White Oak mine had a Bell telephone placed in their office last week. Newman continues to be left out in the cold in this respect, notwithstanding the fact that they have made application to both companies for a toll, public or private phone.

CAMPBREEK.

Campbreek, March 5.—John Collier's barn burned down last Saturday evening. The total loss approximately reached \$1,200.

James Miller, of Michigan, visited at George Hall's residence part of last week.

Miss Ivy Bixler, of Indiana, visited

at Mrs. Clara Deal's residence last week.

Andrew Beck is going on a hunting tour during the coming season, through the states of Maine and Vermont.

R. E. Pfouts, teacher of Cross Roads school, was presented with a gold pen last Friday by the school as a token of esteem.

Miss Ella Boughman is on the sick list.

Church services were held at Cross Roads last Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Adams officiating.

NAVARRÉ.

Navarre, March 5.—Mrs. John Faulk, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Mrs. Elmer Mentzer.

Mrs. Florence Mickinson, of Chicago, is a guest at the Weidman residence.

J. A. Miller has returned to St. Clair, after a brief visit at the home of Mayor Warwick.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, March 5.—Miss Ellen Earnshaw has been engaged to succeed Miss Clara Stover as teacher of the first primary department of the public schools. Miss Stover goes to Akron to take a position in a dry goods store. Miss Earnshaw's home is in this place, but she has lately been employed as a teacher elsewhere. Misses Ella and Nettie Simpson, of Akron, spent several days at the home of their parents north of town, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Simmons, north of town, visited friends and relatives in Akron last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Vanderhoof, and two children, spent Sunday and Monday with S. M. Liggett, at Canton. Percy Harmon returned to Akron Tuesday, after a week's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harmon, south of town.

M. S. Daily was a Barberton visitor Saturday and Sunday.

David Williams, guard at the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus, was a visitor in town several days the past week.

Charles Sorn, of Akron, is visiting his parents at this place.

NORTH LAWRENCE.

North Lawrence, March 5.—George Johnson has sold the stock of his general store to James Ryan, another local merchant.

A party was given in the rink, the other evening. The attendance was large, and everybody had a good time.

The almost impassable condition of the roads prevented numerous theater parties from going to Massillon during the past two weeks.

Many miners, particularly the younger element, are leaving for the new coal fields south and south west of town.

William Cullenbaugh, a driver em-

ployed at the Tally-ho mine, was caught between a prop and a car, the other day. He sustained severe injuries.

ORRVILLE.

Orrville, March 4.—W. R. Heaton, special agent for the Underwriters, was in town a few days the past week in the interests of the company.

C. E. Ammann, of Barberton, visited among friends here last Sunday.

A number of dogs have been poisoned here during the past month.

The prospective candidates for election will have their names out in another week. The election, it is expected, will be an interesting one.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. G. I. Peters on Tuesday evening.

Dr. P. S. Greenamyer is confined to his house again, having caught a severe cold on his return from Piqua recently.

NORTH LAWRENCE.

North Lawrence, March 6.—Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pollock are home from Columbus.

Hiram Wolf is on the sick list.

Mrs. Charles Wheeling, of Canton, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Daugherty, at this place, last week.

Charles Hotchkiss, who has been spending several days at this place, returned to his home in Washingtonville on Sunday.

About twenty neighbors and friends of Mrs. Edward McCarty, with well filled baskets, called on her unexpectedly, Friday evening, to remind her of her thirtieth birthday. The evening was spent very pleasantly.

William Moffitt, foreman of the Klondike mine, is on the sick list.

BROOKFIELD.

West Brookfield, March 6.—A number of our young people attended a party at John Brenner's residence last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Philip Meisimer is on the sick list.

Miss Golden Ralston spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Esther Ralston.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Reineohl have moved from Mr. Reineohl's mother's property into the Samuel Miller property.

David Erb sustained a stroke of paralysis on Friday of last week, and is very ill at this writing.

Drillers are drilling for coal on Thomas Patterson's land.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, March 6.—Elliott lodge of Free Masons, Monday evening, decided upon March 14 as the date for the annual banquet. John A. Burkholder, J. C. Ethling and Dr. W. E. Moulton were appointed a committee on arrangements.

E. R. Held, of Akron, treasurer of the Pioneer Cereal Company, which has purchased the local mill, was in Fulton Tuesday. Mr. Held said the mill project is being pushed rapidly, and that it will undoubtedly reach a successful conclusion.

The Tuscarawas river has receded as rapidly as it rose and there is no longer any danger. Little damage was done. Some barns were flooded, and, when at its highest point, the water almost got in the local lumber yards. Immense quantities of drift wood accumulated about the piers of the new bridge, and would probably have acted as a serious impediment had the river continued to rise. As it was, this accumulation backed up the water till it was much higher above the bridge than below.

The council was so pressed with other business, Monday evening, that it did not have time to take up the town clock matter. The friends of the movement are still active, and have strong hopes that the clock will materialize.

Mrs. Barbara Hearst, who recently sustained a fractured leg, in a fall at her home, west of town, is improving. Mrs. Hearst, after the fracture had been reduced, had the misfortune to fall again, and undid much that the surgeon had done for her relief. Dr. H. Dissinger is attending Mrs. Hearst.

John Hanes, who is now at Cody, Wyo., will return to Fulton the latter part of the month, bringing the body of his son, who was accidentally killed at that place, where he was employed. The body had been buried several weeks when exhumed. Funeral services will be held at Fulton.

Austin Crise, of the Exchange bank, is considerably improved, and strong hopes for his recovery are entertained.

Richard Porter, west of town, has recovered from injuries sustained recently by a fall. Dr. Jones took several stitches in a bad gash on Mr. Porter's head.

GENOA.

Genoa, March 6.—The hard freezing makes the wheat look bad.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Geboba were in Canton Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Graber will move to their new home, south of Richville, in the near future.

A great many of the folks of this vicinity were at the Welker sale on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Josie Foltz visited at John Musko's Sunday.

The literary society at Genoa will meet next Friday night. The debaters will be from Richville.

Entertainment committees will fine just what they want in the way of invitations, programmes, etc., at THE INDEPENDENT office.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat.....	84
Loose hay, per ton.....	\$9 00-70
Baled hay.....	10 11
Straw, per ton.....	\$5 70 6 00
Corn.....	65-68
Oats.....	45
Clover Seed.....	5 00-5 50
Brass.....	1 20
Middlings.....	1 30
Salt, per barrel.....	\$ 1 00
Timothy Seed.....	2 00-2 40
Rye, per bu.....	60
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 50
Wool.....	13-20

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel.....	70-80
Apples.....	90-1 10
Cabbage, doz.....	40
White beans.....	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter.....	22-24
Eggs (fresh).....	22
Live Spring Chickens, per lb.....	07
Chickens, dressed per lb.....	10
Turkeys, dressed, 12c: Live.....	09

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham.....	11
Shoulder.....	08

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

ROOMS CROWDED EVERY VISIT.

Dr. Schram, The Eminent German Specialist.

Will be at the Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Tuesday, Mar. 11 From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

SPECIALTIES—Diseases of the EYE, Ear, Nose, Throat and Stomach. Chronic Diseases require a searching diagnosis. Genital and Urinary Diseases cured by an entirely new method. Dr. Schram's examinations are similar to those given in the eastern and foreign hospitals where thousands of patients are seen every month, and where the doctor studied and learned his profession.

No matter what the cause may be his long, varied and eminently successful career as a specialist in this field enables him to more thoroughly treat these diseases than those whose knowledge is not the result of actual experience and scientific study.

The doctor has cured hundreds of cases of CATARRH, DEAFNESS AND STOMACH DISEASES.

Consultation and Examination Free.

Doan's Kidney Pills

WATCH IT! Watch the Urine, should it contain a "brick dust" like deposit; should it be too highly colored; should urination be too frequent, painful in passage or irregular in any way, 'tis a serious matter—demands attention. When the kidneys fail in their work—when their delicate fibrous filters become clogged they warn you through the back. The back has many aches and pains from kidney ills. Help the kidneys when they're sick—help them before congestion or inflammation makes you miserable; before urinary disorders appear.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve the kidneys—cure the aching back and every kidney ill down to dangerous Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's disease. Positive proof of the efficacy of Doan's Kidney Pills in the testimony of friends and neighbors.

Massillon Proof.

WOOSTER STREET.

Mrs. Philip Diefenbacher, sr., of 12 Wooster street, says: "The great soothing and healing qualities of Doan's Kidney Pills upon the kidneys prove conclusively that that remedy is worthy of all confidence. I value the medicine more than I can possibly express, for it brought me relief from backache which had clung to me far too long to be pleasant. Should recurrences take place, I will immediately buy a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store and take a course of the treatment, fully satisfied that I will not appeal to the medicine in vain."

North High Street.

Mrs. V. S. Garrett, of 102 North High St., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills possess remarkable curative power. One of our children tired easily and complained of pain in his back. We learned about Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at Baltzly's drug store for him. The results of their use were so gratifying that we have not the slightest hesitation in emphatically endorsing the claims made for the preparation."



Massillon Proof.

DANNER STREET.

Mrs. D. C. White, of 36 Danner St., says: "Pain in the back is one of the most prevalent woes of woman-kind. If anyone should ask me how to end this woe my reply would be, go to Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, procure Doan's Kidney Pills and take a course of the treatment. We fully know the great value of Doan's Kidney Pills. Different members of our family have taken a course of the treatment and obtained unequivocal benefit. I conscientiously recommend it to all who require a medicine for either weakened or overtaxed kidneys."

STATE STREET.

Mrs. Alfred Rose, of 18 State St., says: "Mr. Rose has used Doan's Kidney Pills with the best possible results. The use of three boxes absolutely cured him of backache which had been a source of discomfort to him for a long time. He got this valued remedy at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, nearly opposite the opera house."

GET DOAN'S. Don't accept a substitute. Nothing else as good. No other kidney remedy endorsed by people you know.

All Druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y., sole proprietors.

Doan's Kidney Pills